Cambria Freeman.

McPIKE, Editor and Publisher. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

...UME X. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1876. NUMBER 18.

...ISTER'S NOTICE!

...is hereby given that the following ...d Accounts have been passed and ...Register's Office at Ebensburg, in ...County of Cambria, and will be ...to the Orphans' Court of said coun- ...firmation and allowance, on WED- ...the 7th day of JUNE, A. D. 1876, to wit:

...account of Jacob Zimmerman and ...Kress, executors of Henry Schnable, ...town borough, deceased.

...account of Cornelius Morris, execu- ...Kirby, late of Clearfield township,

...account of David Hamilton, guardian of ...a minor child of Joseph Larimer, ...county, deceased.

...and final account of G. M. Reade, ...Samuel A. Shaffer, a minor child of ...late of Blacklick township, dec'd.

...and partial account of J. R. Stull, ...of David Wissinger, late of Adams ...deceased.

...account of George Myers, guardian ...Luke, Henry, Sarah A. and Re- ...minor children of Mark McGuire, ...township, deceased.

...and partial account of Catharine ...administratrix de bonis non cum testa- ...of Peter Dougherty, late of Sum- ...borough, deceased.

...account of Ephraim Goughnour, ...James and Matthew J. Good, ...of Samuel J. Good, late of Cam- ...deceased.

...account of S. Dean Canan and Chas. ...administrators of Wm. H. Canan, late ...borough, deceased.

...final account of S. Dean Canan and ...Canan, administrators of Robert H. ...of Johnstown borough, deceased.

...account of Lewis R. Jones, guardian of ...and Wm. Rees, minor children of ...Rees, late of Millville borough,

...and final account of Elizabeth Heck- ...administratrix of Conrad Heckroth, late of ...borough, deceased.

...and final account of W. C. Lewis, ...de bonis non of David Hite, late of ...borough, deceased.

...and final account of John A. Ken- ...administrator of Bridget E. Evans, late of ...township, deceased.

...partial account of Thomas Van Scoyoc ...executors of William Smith, ...township, deceased.

...first and partial account of Dwight ...A. T. Jones, executors of Silas H. Da- ...Ebensburg borough, deceased.

...and final account of Francis Bearer, ...of Cara (Heckroth), now intermarried ...a minor child of Matthias Dei- ...of Chest township, deceased.

...first and partial account of John W. ...and Catharine Fresh, administrators ...Fresh, late of Cambria township, dec'd.

...first and partial account of L. H. Lin- ...of Peter L. Linton, late of Ebensburg ...deceased.

...partial account of F. M. George and ...executors of Otho Styner, late of ...township, deceased.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register. ...Office, Ebensburg, May 6, 1876.

...NCIAL STATEMENT of

...Township, (Road Depart- ...year ending April 3, 1876:

...Supervisor, DR.

...of Duplicate $475 96

CR.

...$ 9 45
...15 78
...28 98
...6 15
...38
...at $1.50 ..... 92 25
...for Township ..... 395 01—$548 28

...Supervisor ..... $ 72 32

...Supervisor, DR.

...of Duplicate $751 77
...from 1874 ..... 56 81

$808 58

CR.

...worked $313 16
...195 25
...work 68 68
...worked 66 01
...29 84
...days at $1.50 per day 139 50
...hire, 48½ day at 128 75
...on $543.57 ..... 12 18—$947 87

...Supervisor $139 29

...undersigned Auditors, do certify that ...correct statement.

JAMES NOON, JAMES ITEL, C. A. McGONIGLE, } Auditors.

...Twp. Clerk. [5-5.-3t.]

...OWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

...Notice is hereby given that the fol- ...appraisements of personal pro- ...estate of decedents, selected and ...for the widows of intestates under ...Assembly of the 14th day of April, ...have been filed in the Register's of- ...and will be presented to the ...Court of Cambria county, for confir- ...allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the ...JUNE, A. D. 1876, to wit:

...and appraisement of certain ...appraised and set apart for ...widow of James Brown, late ...township, deceased—$298.85.

...and appraisement of certain per- ...appraised and set apart for Jane ...widow of Peter Goehnour, late of ...deceased—$18.25.

...and appraisement of certain ...appraised and set apart for ...widow of Daniel Black, late of ...township, deceased—$300.00

...and appraisement of certain ...appraised and set apart for ...widow of Martin Pringle, ...township, deceased—$40.30.

...and appraisement of certain ...appraised and set apart for ...widow of Robert H. Roberts, ...borough, deceased—$300.00.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register. ...Office, Ebensburg, May 6, 1876.

...ENSE NOTICE.—The follow

...petitions for license have been filed ...of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of ...county, and will be presented for the ...Court on THURSDAY, 18th MAY.

...East Conemaugh, Tavern.
...Cambria borough, Tavern.
...Clearfield township, Tavern.
...Chest Springs, Tavern.
...Franklin bor., Eating House.
...Gallitzin Tp., Tavern.

B. M'COLGAN, Clerk Q. S. ...Office, Ebensburg, April 26, 1876.

...MINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY COLE, dec'd.

...letters of administration on the ...Henry Cole, late of Carroll township, de- ...undersigned hereby gives notice to all ...to said estate that payment of ...amounts must be made without ...those having claims against the same ...present them in proper shape for

JOHN SNYDER, JAMES CAIN, } Administrators. ...Twp., April 21, 1876.-6t.

...MINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MARTIN PRINGLE, dec'd. ...administration on the estate of MARTIN ...late of Summerhill township, Cambria ...deceased, having been granted to the un- ...by the Register of said county, all per- ...to said estate are requested to make ...payment, and those having claims or ...against the same will present them pro- ...for settlement.

J. W. PRINGLE, E. M. PRINGLE, } Administrators. ...April 14, 1876.-6t.

...E CARE.—Having, on the

...day of April, 1876, purchased at ...the following articles as the proper- ...P. Hering, of Allegheny township, ...leave the same with him during my pleas- ...caution all persons against inter- ...said property, to wit: 1 brown horse, ...1 cow, 1 pig, 2 sets harness, 1 wagon, ...1 lot of shingles and shingle ...grain in the ground, and all ...furniture. WM. J. BUCK. ...Twp., May 5, 1876.-3t.*

...M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, ...Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, ...on High street. [aug.27,'72.]

ORDINANCE FOR THE REGULATION OF CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH, Cambria County, Pa., for the year 1876:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Chest Springs, and is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons, after the publication of this ordinance, shall drive or ride any horse, mare, or gelding through any of the streets of this borough at a faster gait than a trot or slow canter, he, she or they so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of One Dollar for each and every such offence.

SEC. 2. All persons living within the borough limits are hereby notified, after the publication of this Ordinance, to keep their hogs shut up, and any one failing to comply with this provision will be fined in the sum of one dollar for each and every offence, with all costs that may accrue.

SEC. 3. Also, be it enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, that all cattle, horses, mules, etc., are to be enclosed at night, and on any owner thereof who shall refuse or neglect to do so a fine of one dollar will be imposed for each and every offence, along with costs.

If any person or persons shall permit their stock to violate Sections 2 and 3, as above, the stock so trespassing will be impounded, and after a given time will be sold for the fine imposed and costs accruing.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any persons or persons after the publication of this ordinance shall be found firing guns, pistols, cannon, fire-crackers, or powder-rockets, or any other game with powder, he, or they so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of Twenty-five Dollars for each and every offence; Provided, That these privileges, or any of them, may be granted by application to the Burgess and Town Council.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall be permitted, under the penalty of Five Dollars, to ride or drive any horse, mare or gelding on any of the sidewalks in said borough.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Burgess, each of the Town Council, and of the High Constable strictly to prosecute all laws and ordinance of said borough made to prevent vice and immoral conduct.

Done at Chest Springs, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1876.

M. J. COOPER, Burgess.

D. C. LITTLE, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE!

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale,

ON SATURDAY, MAY 27th, 1876,

At 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The property recently occupied by the "Ebensburg Mining and Manufacturing Co.," situate in Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., consisting of

ONE ACRE OF GROUND,

fronting on the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad having thereon erected a

LARGE PLANING MILL,

42x60 feet, three stories high, with Boiler Shed attached, 12x63 feet. The machinery consists of one

40-Horse Power Engine and Boiler,

1 Combined Planer, 24 inches wide, for surfacing and grooving; **1 Surface Planer,** 20 in. wide; **3 Circular Rip Saws,** with lift tables; **2 Circular Cross-Cut Saws,** with slide tables; **1 Swing Circular Cross-Cut Saw; 1 Double Headed Shaping Machine,** with iron frame; **1 Centric Lathe, 1 Hand Lathe,** with complete set of Tools, **1 Polishing Drum,** 12 feet long; **1 Moulding Machine,** with slide heads. The above machinery, with necessary shafting, belting and pulleys, is in good working order, with an abundant supply of running water on the premises. Said building was erected specially for and has been used in the manufacture of flooring, siding, all kinds of handles brush blocks, ballusters, etc. Cherry, ash, poplar, linn, sugar, beech, maple and white pine lumber to be had at moderate prices. There is also erected on the premises a

Two Story Frame Dwelling House

CONTAINING SIX ROOMS AND A CELLAR.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the Deed, one-third in six months, and the balance in one year, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Ebensburg.
JOHN LEWIS, "
W. B. BONACKER, Johnstown.

Ebensburg, May 5, 1876.-4t.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS!

IN accordance with an Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 8th day of April, A. D. 1872, "relating to the collection of taxes in the county of Cambria," notice is hereby given to the tax-payers residing in the districts below named, that the County Treasurer, in compliance with the second section of said act, will attend at the places of holding the borough and township elections on the following named days, for the purpose of receiving the county, poor and state taxes assessed for the year 1876:

For Wilmore borough, Monday, June 12th.
" Summerhill township, Tuesday, June 13th.
" Washington " Wednesday, " 14th.
" Summitville borough, Thursday, " 15th.
" Gallitzin " Friday, " 16th.
" Gallitzin township, Saturday, " 17th.
" Loretto borough, Monday, " 19th.
" Allegheny township, Tuesday, " 20th.
" Munster " Wednesday, " 21st.
" Chest Springs borough, Thursday, " 22d.
" Clearfield township, Friday, " 23d.
" White township, on Monday, June 26th, at A. H. Fiske's, and on Tuesday, June 27th, at Lloydsville.
" Chest township, at Glen Connell, Wednesday, June 28th, and at A. Anna's, Thursday, June 29th.
" Carrolltown borough, Friday, June 30th.
" Carroll township, Saturday, July 1st.
" Cambria " Monday, July 3d.
" Barr " Wednesday, July 5th.
" Susquehanna township, Thursday, July 6th.
" West Ward, Ebensburg, Friday, July 7th.
" East " " Saturday, July 8th.
" Jackson township, Monday, July 10th.
" Blacklick " Tuesday, July 11th.

And, in accordance with the second section of said act, on all taxes paid to the Treasurer before the 1st day of September there will be a reduction of FIVE PER CENT., while five per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes, and placed in the hands of a constable.

N. J. FREIDHOFF, County Treasurer.
Treasurer's Office, Ebensburg, April 24, 1876.

FARM FOR SALE

THE undersigned desires to sell his FARM in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Penn'a, situate two miles east of St. Augustine, on the mail route leading from Cresson to Janesville. The FARM contains 100 ACRES, about 70 ACRES of which are cleared, well fenced and in a high state of cultivation, with a one-and-a-half story FRAME HOUSE, a hewed LOG BARN, 40 by 60 feet, and a good Spring House thereon erected. There are also several bearing fruit trees on the premises, and a never-failing spring of pure water near the dwelling. Payments will be made easy and possession given immediately if a sale is made. For further particulars inquire of R. L. JOHNSTON, Esq., Ebensburg, or of the undersigned residing on the premises.

PATRICK B. KERIN.

Clearfield Twp., March 31, 1876.-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of BERNARD LITZINGER.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary to the estate of Bernard Litzinger, late of the township of Clearfield, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make prompt payment, and those having claims against it are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

VALENTINE BUCK, Executor.

Clearfield Twp., May 5, 1876.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MARGARET MULLEN.

Letters testamentary having been issued to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county on the estate of Margaret Mullen, late of Summerhill township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment forthwith, and those having claims against the same will present them duly probated for settlement.

PATRICK MULLEN, Executor.

Summerhill Twp., May 5, 1876.-6t.

ASSEMBLY.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the approaching Democratic county convention. JOHN S. RHEY.

Ebensburg, March 31, 1876.

"FOR MY SAKE, JOHN."

"Miss Cameron!" Leonie Cameron, lazily looking out of a bow window upon a garden flaming with autumn tints and a sunset glow, lifted a pair of soft eyes to Mrs. Tollman's face. Just at that moment the anxiety was very apparent to Leonie. So, after her first careless glance, she straightened in her low chair, and said quietly yet with every appearance of interest:

"What is the matter?"

An awkward pause followed that question. Mrs. Tollman fidgeted under the inquiring glance of the dark eyes, cleared her throat twice, and finally said, with nervous emphasis:

"John Furber!"

Miss Cameron's face seemed to freeze. It was a very beautiful face, with pride for a leading expression. Sweetness lurked in the finely-shaped mouth, and intellect beamed from the radiant eye, but pride shadowed all. It carried the small head gracefully erect, it swept the folds of her rich dresses with a regal motion, it touched the small, patrician hands, and was evident in the well-modulated tones of the refined voice.

"There!" Mrs. Tollman said despairingly, "I've made you mad already and haven't said anything!"

"I'm not mad," Leonie answered, and there certainly lurked a smile in her mouth at the good woman's consternation. "But you have not told me yet what troubles you."

"It's John, Miss Cameron, and—" then, rapidly, as if the words were forced by fear of her ability to finish her self appointed task, she hurried on: "He's my nephew, miss, as you know, though his father is a rich man, very rich, and John is above his mother's place in life. She's dead and John was spoiled somewhere between the year she died and two years ago. I don't know where, but he was brought up an idler upon his father's money, and from idleness to drinking, gambling, and bad ways is an easy road.

"His father is a hard man, and he thrust him out near a year ago. Disinherited him! He came here, for I love him. I've nothing else to love; husband and children are in the graveyard, so I love John."

There was a piteous pleading in the woman's face, but Leonie's was blank, save for an air of polite interest.

"He was 'most desperate when he came here, but I coaxed him up a little. But—but—O, Miss Cameron, you know what I want to say. You are beautiful, rich; a lady far above me in education any position, and only boarding here for country quiet. I've no right to find fault—but—but—don't flirt with John. He is in trouble, despondent, disinherited, and he's falling in love with you as fast as he can. I believe if you play with him he will kill himself, body and soul."

Fairly out of breath with her own earnest utterance, Mrs. Tollman paused, looking pleadingly into Leonie Cameron's face. The expression of polite interest never wavered as the young lady lady said:

"If I understand you aright, you wish me to ignore your nephew. It is not easy, as he is in your house; so I had better leave it."

"Goodness!" cried the widow aghast at this interpretation of her words, "I never meant that! Where could you find another boarding-place near here?

"I can return to the city."

"I've put my foot in it; John will never forgive me!" said Mrs. Tollman disconsolately. But there was no sympathy in Leonie's face, and she turned away at last more perplexed and more anxious than ever. And Leonie, sinking into a chair, looked at the sunset clouds and variegated foliage, and thought perhaps it was time to go back to the city. She had come to Scranford weary with a round of fashionable life, tired of flattery, dancing, flirting, and she found rest and quiet under Mrs. Tollman's motherly care. She was rich—richer far than the landlady had any idea of; but she had no relatives, hiring a second cousin to keep her lonely home and play propriety. Society constituted itself her amateur guardian; and laying back in her cushioned chair, in the sunset glow, she wondered indolently what society would say about John Furber.

It would grant him a rare perfection of manly beauty of face and form, and forgive the evident traces of dissipation if it was known that he was the son of a rich man, educated at college, idle by profession. But in what holy horror it would turn away with uplifted hands when it was known that he was disinherited, with no home but a room in the house of a widowed aunt who was eking out her narrow income by taking boarders! It would smile at his biting sarcasms, his brilliant conversation, his cynical sneers, if he were reinstated in his father's favor, but how rude those would be in a poor man.

Leonie, from thinking of society's opinion, quite unconsciously glided into considering her own. This dark-browned man had made a fair portion of her summer pleasure for three months; had been her cavalier in many country drives, walks, and sails, had quoted poetry under shade-trees, sung in a superb baritone upon murmuring waters, looked into her eyes on a moonlight porch, and whispered delicate words of flattery—no more than many other men had done. A beauty and rich, Miss Cameron had looked upon more than one languishing suitor, had forgotten him when her amusement wearied her. Scarcely a flirt, for she encouraged no downright love making, but a beautiful, fascinating young woman, who wounded hearts with merely careless grace.

Musing in the sunset, it was impressed upon her heart that she had poisoned a life already sinking. There were capabilities for better things than dissipation and suicide in John Furber, and she shivered at the thought that he might be upon a precipice, waiting for the clasp of her hand to draw him back or its repulse to throw him over. She passed in review her male friends and found none who had awakened such keen pleasure as he had given her. She tried to recall one to mind whose grasp of intellect equalled his, or who had met her fairly in so many arguments and worsted her; and she could only remember soft flattery of her "wonderful mind." Finally lifting her eyes with a soft sigh, she saw him leaning against a tree opposite the low window, looking at her. A vivid flash stained her cheeks as he said:

"What can you be thinking of? You have not stirred for half an hour. Only that your eyes were open I should have thought you were asleep."

"Your powers of observation are marvellous," she answered lightly. "I was dreaming."

"Of what?"

"The world in general, my world in particular. It is almost time I returned there."

She was prepared for some polite show of regret, but not for the ghastly change in his face. She shuddered, remembering his aunt's words.

"Going away? Why, of course you would soon," he said, trying to speak carelessly, while his eyes hungrily devoured her face, and his white parched lips were drawn as if in sharp, physical pain.

"I have been here three months," she said, feeling her own heart ache at his misery.

"Yes, yes! You will go certainly."

"And you," she said very gently—"you will be in the city, I presume. I shall be glad to welcome you at my house."

"No," he said harshly, "I will not take such advantage of your kindness. I am a man your friends will tell you to shun, Miss Cameron—a man who has wasted his life till it is too late to take up the threads again. You do not know, perhaps, that my aunt keeps me here from charity."

"I know you have offended your father," she answered, "but you are a man scarcely thirty, and it is cowardly to talk of despair at your age."

Her words cut him like a whiplash. The dark blood mounted to his forehead as he replied:

"I might fight the world yet, but," and here his tones was bitter and strangely pathetic, "the battle is scarcely worth winning. What would I gain? Money? I do not value it. Position? I have thrown it behind me. I have played the fool, and I must take the fool's wages."

"I will not have you say so," she said, roused to an earnestness she never intended to betray. "You shall not throw your life away."

A hope sprang to his eyes, new there, lighting them to dazzling radiance.

"Miss Cameron—Leonie," he cried, "were there a prize to win, were one's heart's hopes centered upon me, I would trample down these demons of temptation. I would prove myself a man if I had a motive."

There was no mistaking the prayer in his voice. Only for one moment, close now to the window, before a hand like a snowflake fell upon his shoulder and a voice low and sweet murmured low in his ear: "Be a man for my sake."

She was gone before he spoke again, and he wandered off to the woods to muse upon the possibility of his new life. The next day Mrs. Tollman lost her summer boarder.

Society, languidly contemplating Miss Cameron for the next three years, found her eccentric. She was gay and grave, but she was mysteriously unapproachable. The bravest suitor found himself met at the point where attentions merge into lover's devotion by a wall of icy reserve that was impassable. She never flirted, but she had the reputation of being a flirt, because she was popular and admired and remained single until she was twenty-seven. She was known to be truthful, and she had distinctly told several curious lady friends that she was not engaged, so that there was not even the spice of romance in the gossip. Surely she was not "disappointed," for never had the bright serenity of her beauty been more unclouded.

Scranford knew her not in those three years, but Mrs. Tollman was the recipient of various hampers of city delicacies from her city boarder, and acknowledged the same by letters. One of these, dated three years after the beautiful Miss Cameron left Scranford, after elaborately thanking that young lady for a hamper of dainties, said:

"Do you remember my nephew John Furber? He left the day after you did and I fretted more than a little. But he took a turn for the good, Heaven be thanked! and went to New York to look for a situation. He worked himself up—for he's smart, John is—and to-day he has made friends with his father again, and is to be taken partner in a big commercial house, his father to buy it; but John's earned a place, too, by hard, honest work. O my dear, I'm happier than ever I thought to be. Perhaps you've heard of the house John is in—Collins, Hayes & Co. John is to be part of the Co. But I'll tire you writing about my own affairs. I wouldn't only I thought you'd remember John."

"In New York," Leonie murmured, "so near me all these years, and yet never seeking me? Was I too bold? Did I drive him away, showing my heart too plainly? Well, even so, I gave him the first start toward an honorable manhood. Remember him? Yes, Mrs. Tollman, I do remember John."

She folded the letter and was dressing for the opera when the servant announced a caller.

"What a barbarous hour!" she murmured, not looking at the card. "In a few moments, Jane."

She was robed in her fleecy dress of white lace over blue silk, and clasped diamonds on her throth and wrists and in the little ears; when she took her opera cloak from the maid's hand she looked at the card—"John Furber."

A great heart-throb sent the blood over her face and neck; then it faded, leaving only a soft tint upon the dark eyes, a light of happiness harmonizing well with the smiling lips. She looked like some visitant from another world, in the radiance of her beauty, as she came across the drawing room to the window where he stood. He had not heard her light step, but, when she was near, turned, showing the stamp of his better life in his noble face.

He held out his hand, looking earnestly into her face, and seeing she spoke only a happy truth, as taking it, she said:

"I am glad to see you."

"Leonie," he said, "you gave me a hope, three years ago, that has borne me above temptation and suffering to a position where I am not ashamed to look any man in the face. Leonie you bade me—"

"Be a man for my sake, John!"

"And I obeyed you my darling. I have come for my reward, Leonie, loving you with all my heart, daring now to ask for your love in return."

Society had a ripple of sensation in a fashionable wedding when the son of Israel Furber, the millionaire (so the newspapers said—and they know everything) married Miss Leonie Cameron. But only you and I, reader, know the romance of that summer in Scranford, or how John Furber redeemed his manhood for Leonie's sake.

STORY OF AN IRISH GIRL.

Her name was Mary Tobin. As there is nothing in his history of which she or her children should ever be ashamed, the facts are given precisely as they occurred.

The writer does not know what was Mary's birthplace in Ireland, nor the year she was born. It must have been a year or two previous to 1830. When 12 or 13 years old, she came to this country with an older sister, who married a man that had the position of chief teamster of a detachment of soldiers then stationed at Brooklyn, New York.

After remaining with her sister, the only relative she had in this country, for some months, Mary accepted service with a gentleman by the name of Clowes, then living a few miles west of Cuddebackville, in Sullivan county, New York. He was a widower and his aged mother kept house for him. The young ignorant Irish girl did not perform at all to her liking; and yet, as it would cost considerable to go back to her sister in Brooklyn, the venerable matron did not know exactly what to do with the girl. At this time, a gentleman from Orange county, on his way to visit friends in Cumberland, having a slight acquaintance with Mr. Clowes, stopped for a few moments to have a friendly chat. When about to start, remembering the injunction of madame to bring back a housemaid if he could find one on his journey, he asked Mr. Clowes if there was any one in the neighborhood that could be had for that service. Mr. Clowes referred the gentleman to his mother, who at once agreed that Mary should return with him. The good dame, however, could only recommend Mary as bright and honest; but she was totally ignorant of our American way of doing things.

In the course of a week the gentleman returned, and Mary found herself installed as the maid-of-all-work in the family of the principal of one of the academies in Orange county. She was then scarcely 15, but rather large for her age, with light hair, rosy cheeks, bright, sparkling blue eyes, graceful for one so utterly uncultivated; and every feature, and sweet, cheery voice, all told at once that she was one of the very best specimens of the Irish lass that the "Gem of the Sea" could possibly send us. She was in fact a very pretty, promising girl. But Esther, the old maid cook, to whose care Mary was committed for some needed instruction in that department, had no patience with her ignorance; and the disgust of the ancient dame knew no bounds when, having given her pupil some potatoes to wash, she saw Mary with her bare feet treading them in the flour-pail half full of water. Esther's ridicule made the poor child sad enough; but it broke no bones, and her buoyant, cheerful nature soon recovered its wonted vivacity. It was vacation; the family numbered but four. Esther became sick, and madame was forced, with the assistance of Mary, to prepare meals, and get along as best she could. She soon found that her new girl needed showing but once; that she was active, anxious and quick to learn, and, when Esther returned to duty, Mary was nearly as well qualified for the duties of queen of the kitchen as the more aged and pretentious dame, who had shown so little good sense and patience in instructing her. In a month or two, Esther's health again failed, and Mary was duly installed as cook in her place.

In this position she did faithful and excellent service for a year or more, when she petitioned her friends for the privilege of going to school—acting as assistant house-maid morning and evening, to pay for her board. She had already learned to read and write, and now commenced the elementary branches in good earnest. She made rapid progress for a year, when the principal of the academy changed his location, and Mary spent a year with his sister at Barryville, in Sullivan county. She then became a member of the family with whom she first lived, and entered Chester Academy, earning her board as before, by service in the family. Her classmates were the daughters of the leading citizens in Orange county, by whom she was always treated with the greatest respect. Her beauty, cheerful, merry heart, her wit, and genuine lady like bearing, and withal, her rapid progress in her studies, shielded her perfectly from any slights on account of her humble position. Indeed, she was a general favorite in the school.

A most important change now occurred in Mary's personal history. She had rejected several offers of marriage, as with true, loyal Irish affection, she intended to join her sister, then in the far west. During the time Mary was at school, the troops with whom her brother-in-law was connected at that time had been ordered to Fort Towson, situated in or near the Red river, Choctaw Nation, Indian Territory; and he, with his family, had gone with them. It was very lonesome for Mary's sister, and several letters had passed between them—Mary's sister urging her with all her eloquence to come and join her fortunes with hers. Mary wrote she would come as soon as her term in school closed, if she had the money; but, in pursuing her education, she had been unable to save anything. It should be said that she had a full share of pride—not any too much to be sure—that always led her to adopt the best wardrobe her limited means would permit. She always looked neat, and with her fine form and beautiful, intelligent face, could not help knowing that she had her full share of admiration from all by whom she was surrounded.

In due time Mary was all excitement at receiving a letter from her sister, that she had found a Mr. Clark who was about to visit his friends in Pennsylvania, and who, at her request, would come to Chester for Mary, and come back with her to Fort Towson; also that she would send money to get her a good wardrobe, and to pay the expenses to her new home. A short time afterwards Mr. Clark arrived, presented his letters, and handed Mary $60 in gold to purchase her outfit for the journey. Mary's Chester friends did not like the looks of Mr. Clark; but, as he was accredited by her sister, they could make no objections to her leaving with him. But they were careful to advise her specially and fully in regard to her long journey of some 1,500 miles among entire strangers. In less than a week she was ready, and, with a kind letter from her pastor and the blessings and the prayers of those with whom she had lived virtually from childhood, she bade them good bye, who, like those to whom Paul preached, "expected to see her face no more."

In her examination in all her studies no one acquitted herself better than Mary Tobin; and at the closing exercises, when compositions were in order, for purity and simplicity of style, beauty of thought and expression, Mary's was received with marked applause, and in fact was far better than the performance of any of her associates.

What follows is gathered from the letters Mary wrote back to the lady who had so kindly matronized her from the time she first came to Orange county till she left for her distant home in the west.

Mary found Mr. Clark's friends in Pennsylvania, very fine, excellent people, in good circumstances. They treated her very kindly for two or three weeks, when she left with Mr. C. for Pittsburg, where they took a New Orleans steamboat for the mouth of the Arkansas. For several days Mary's escort treated her with great deference and respect, as, in fact, he had always done. But his attentions became more and more marked, and by the time the steamer had reached the Mississippi, he was pertinaciously urging Mary to marry him. This she respectfully, but firmly refused to do; and at length his conduct became so outrageous, and his proposals so base, that Mary was obliged to appeal to the captain for protection. This he promptly afforded and she was free from further molestation. Clarke kept himself steeped in liquor, and his conduct at last became so bad that somewhere below Cairo the Captain put him ashore—not, however, till he had made him give up the money he had in his possession to pay Mary's expenses to Fort Towson. And now here was this lone Irish girl, a thousand miles from her friends in Orange county, and nearly as far by the rivers and stage she had to travel before reaching her new home, with no protection except that which a brave, noble, and cultivated woman can command from the roughest, and even the basest, of men.—They were ample in her case, for she was treated by the captain and his officers, and by her fellow-passengers, with every attention and the greatest courtesy.

The captain of the Mississippi steamer introduced Mary to the officers of the boat that was to take her up the Arkansas to Van Buren, on the west line of the state, where she was to take the stage for one hundred miles or more to Fort Towson. Traveling on the frontiers and on Western river steamers thirty years ago was a very different thing from what it is now. Yet in all that tedious, weary journey, Mary was happy, and by her cheerful conversation, and those delicate attentions which a woman knows so well how to show, she was ever ready to contribute to the happiness of others. But at last the stage stopped at the door of the hotel, and the lonely traveller was at Fort Towson.

Visions of her sister—her own dear sister—rushing to embrace her, and of the children dancing around Aunt Mary had cheered her for many a long hour. She was now at home, and all her joyous nature overflowed with the brightest hopes. Alas! what language can paint the gloom that shrouded her soul when she found that her sister was hundreds of miles away; that she was alone, away out in the Indian Territory, among perfect strangers. The regiment with which her brother-in-law was associated had been ordered to Texas, and her sister was at Baton Rouge, La. In a few hours she sought out her sister's friends, who knew all about her coming. They received her most kindly and cordially, and did all they could to cheer and comfort her. Her pride would not permit her to be dependent. She soon found her services were in great request as a dressmaker; and her letters to her Orange county friends were full of expressions showing how happy and prosperous she was in her new home. It could not be otherwise. Her culture and her superior accomplishments would lead all to concede to her a leading position in society. So it proved; for, in a few months she became the happy wife of Mr. Henry B. Hadden, a leading citizen of Fort Towson. In another year a letter told that she had the dearest little baby in the world, and, of course, her happiness was complete.

Domestic cares made the letters from Mary fewer, and, since the war, nothing has been heard from her. Her old friends, some of whom now reside in this city, would be most happy to hear of her welfare.

The temptation to moralize on facts like the above is almost irresistible. But the story carries its moral along with it. It shows that duty, faithfully performed each day as it passes along, is sure to reap its reward. Mary's history, from the time she left her sister in Brooklyn to accept service among strangers, amid the lonely wilds of Sullivan county, might be woven into a most beautiful romance; but the facts, just as they occurred, are to her friends more than they could be were they embellished by the most vivid colors in which any writer, however gifted, could narrate them. Her adherence to duty, and her active, virtuous life can be imitated by all; but few will ever be able to furnish a brighter example, or one more worthy to be emulated.

A FROG BAROMETER.—Out at the Lafayette Park Police Station they have a weather prophet which eclipses Tice and all the barometers in the neighborhood. It is a frog of the genus *Hela*, more familiar to the general reader as the tree toad. Hunt, the Superintendent of the Park, was mildly abusing his barometer one day for misleading him, when an officer on the beat, an old frontiersman, said he would show him a trick. He took a glass jar and threw into it some stones and a couple of inches of water. Then he whittled out a little wooden ladder and put it in the jar. After some lively scrambling a tree toad was caught, chucked in, and a tin top screwed on. The weather-indicator was complete. When it is going to be fair weather, that toad roosts on the top round of the ladder, solemnly blinking the hours away. From twelve to fifteen hours before a change to bad weather, "the General," as they call him, begins to climb down, and hours before the storm sets in he squats himself on a stone, and with his head just above the surface of the water, peers aloft at the coming storm. Let the weather be changeable and "shifting," as "Old Prob" says, and the toad goes up and down that ladder like a scared middy. When it is fair and the toad roosts aloft, his skin is a light grayish green. When the change comes the skin turns black as the toad goes down the ladder, becoming a jet, shining black by the time he reaches the bottom. The fame of the toad has spread through the Lafayette Park neighborhood.—*St. Louis Times.*

PRESENCE OF MIND.—One of the citizens of Danbury, Conn., who had just returned from the West, was telling in Merril's grocery store of a narrow escape he had from a terrible death. He was crossing a long railroad bridge on foot, when he was surprised to see a locomotive coming around a curve, and tearing toward him at a terrific speed. The bridge was too narrow to allow of escape at either side, and he did not dare to jump into the yawning abyss below. In a flash he took in the situation and formed his plan of action. He started on a swift run toward the on-coming locomotive, and when within a few feet of it he concentrated all his nerve and muscle into one effort, and leaped straight up in the air. The fearful monster shot under him, and he came down on the bridge, saved from death, but seriously shaken up by the descent. There was a moment of deep silence upon the close of his narration. Then one of the company sighed, and shut up his knife, and unexpectingly said: "What's the use of presence of mind when a man can lie like that?"

A WISCONSIN editor illustrates the prevailing extravagance of the people of the present day by calling attention to the costly baby carriages in use now, while, when he was a baby, they hauled him around by the hair of the head.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, - - May 19, 1876.

THE argument which was to have been made before Governor Hartranft on Friday last, on the constitutionality of the boom bill, was postponed, and will be made to-morrow. Mr. Allen, a member of the State Senate from Lycoming county, and Wayne MacVeagh, will represent the lumbermen, and Messrs. Maynard and Armstrong, of Williamsport, will attend to the interests of Peter Herdic & Co.

JAMES S. RUTAN, ex State Senator, and the same man who got the State to pay his expenses ($2,000) to the Vienna Exposition, has been appointed by the President as United States consul at the lively seaport town of Cardiff, South Wales. Rutan is an enterprising radical politician from "the State of Beaver," who trains in the Cameron, Mackey and Quay crowd, and will not lose anything in his new office.

IT is an error into which many papers have fallen, to say that a bill passed the last Legislature regulating the salaries of county officers in counties containing *less* than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants. The bill passed the House, but failed in the Senate, which it ought not to have done if Republican professions of retrenchment and reform mean anything, which they scarcely ever do. A bill, however, *did* pass both houses, and was signed by the Governor, fixing the salaries of all county officers in counties containing *more* than 150,000 inhabitants, applying to the three counties of Philadelphia, Luzerne and Allegheny.

THE Grand Jury of the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia last week found a true bill of indictment against General Belknap, charging him with having corruptly received, at various times, specified sums of money from Caleb P. Marsh, to influence his (Belknap's) action and decision in reference to the post tradership at Fort Sill. If Belknap is acquitted by the Senate on the articles of impeachment against him now pending before it, or if the Senate should decide that owing to his resignation it has no jurisdiction over the case, he will then be tried in the criminal court on the indictment referred to. The Senate has been in secret session daily since last Monday discussing the important question of jurisdiction, and whether there will be a trial before that body or not depends upon how it will decide this preliminary point.

THE Legislature of Texas has elected the present Democratic Governor of the State, Hon. Richard Coke, to the United States Senate as the successor of Hamilton, independent. Gov. Coke will make a useful and creditable member of the Senate. The result of the election in Connecticut this week for a member of the same body has created very general surprise. A vacancy to be filled was caused by the death of Mr. Ferry, Republican, and the two prominent candidates were ex-Governor English, who now fills the office by appointment from Governor Ingersoll, and William H. Barnum. Both are Democrats, but were cast in very different moulds. Gov. English is a liberal-minded gentleman and enjoys the respect and confidence of his fellow Senators, while Mr. Barnum, although he has occupied a seat in Congress for eight years, has never made a speech, which of itself is not an insuperable objection to him, but he has notoriously not been in his seat to vote on the most important questions, except only on rare occasions. But then he is very wealthy, and that fact may account for his unlooked for elevation to the Senate. In that body he will meet at least a score of men who have attained political preferment by precisely the same means as are supposed to have contributed to his own success.

GOVERNOR HENDRICKS, of Indiana, it is reported, regards the coming Presidential contest as a hopeless one for the Democrats. He is in Washington, and on Friday last confided to his friends that since the beginning of the present session of Congress the Democratic party had been terribly weakened by the imbecility of the majority: The neglect of the House to repeal the resumption act had stimulated, to a wonderful degree, the independent movement all over the country, and it was now too late to repair the evil. Governor Hendricks, it is said, has lost all desire to become a Presidential candidate.

The foregoing is one of the "beautiful extracts" from the Johnstown *Tribune* which we have occasion so frequently to republish for the amusement of our readers. Governor Hendricks is known to be a remarkably prudent gentleman in all his political utterances, and no man outside of a lunatic asylum would ever dream of charging him with saying that he "regards the coming Presidential contest as a hopeless one for the Democrats," and that "since the beginning of the present session of Congress the Democratic party had been terribly weakened by the imbecility of the majority." If he even *did* believe such superlative nonsense, he is too old and shrewd a politician to make a laughing stock of himself by going straight to Washington and proclaiming it to Democratic Congressmen, Governor Hendricks is a candidate, and a very formidable one, too, for the Presidency and to impute to him a confession of defeat in advance of the nomination at St. Louis, as well as the election, is a most silly and child-like specimen of political stupidity. We will next have the veteran Samuel J. Tilden openly proclaiming at Washington that the coming Presidential contest is "a hopeless one for the Democrats."

QUITE an enthusiastic meeting was held in Musical Fund Hall, Philadelphia, on Saturday night last, in favor of opening the great exhibition on Sundays. Leading citizens, lay and cleric, advocated the measure, and it is probable some compromise will be reached soon on this vexed question. It has a business as well as a moral side, which complicates the matter. The following letter from Archbishop Wood suggests a compromise:

MR. SAMUEL L. PARRISH—*Dear Sir:* Though I feel some diffidence in giving my views of a question on which the minds of men are so much divided, yet I could not bring myself to refuse an answer to your request so courteously expressed, especially in a matter bearing upon public morality and upon what involves the true spirit of Christianity in the observance of the Lord's day. In all the debates and deliberations that have lately take place touching the propriety of opening or closing the Centennial Buildings on Sunday, I have seen nothing that induces me to change the opinion I had already formed and expressed, viz: that it is highly fit and proper that the Exposition should be closed on Sunday morning to midday, but left open to visitors during the hours of Sunday afternoon.

It would grieve me very much to see the Exposition remain open all day on Sundays. This would be treating the day as if it were an ordinary week day, having in itself no special religious character. But the "Lord's Day is Holy," and as such should be observed. It was instituted that Christians might publicly and unitedly by prayer and thanksgiving manifest their homage to God, their Creator and Redeemer. It would seem, therefore, unfair to the deep religious sentiment which must pervade every Christian community to prevent or frustrate in any way this solemn duty of homage and praise. And since the time set apart through all ages and countries of Christendom for such religious exercises has been chiefly the morning, or the first half of the day, nothing should be allowed during that time to interfere with this great obligation. But the Sunday is not only a day "holy to the Lord," it is also a day of repose after the labors of the week. There should be nothing sullen or morose, nothing of penitential gloom in the Christian's weekly rest from his daily toil. He should welcome it as cheerfully, to say the least, as the labor by which he wins his daily bread.

It should be borne in mind that the day of religious observance in the new law is Sunday, or as Christians have called it for eighteen centuries, "The Lord's Day," and not the "Sabbath," which is no other than Saturday, and has been abrogated in the new dispensation. This is not the place to inquire how far the growing use or misuse of the word "Sabbath" may have contributed to create false impressions in the minds of many, and led them away from the true spirit of Christianity to follow after those "traditions of men" that are so often denounced in the New Testament. I only state my conviction derived from the perpetual practice and teaching of the Church of Christ, that any innocent recreation is quite compatible with the holiness and repose of the Lord's day, after one has discharged his religious duty to his Maker. Amongst the means of innocent relaxation of soul and body I can see none more harmless than an afternoon visit to the Exposition, where the poor and laboring classes (and they are most numerous amongst us) may enjoy a few hours of rational pleasure in examining the products of genius and the specimens of art and mechanical skill which have been gathered together in the Centennial Buildings. Such a visit will improve and elevate their minds. Indeed. I believe that it will have a beneficial effect; that it will tend to prevent many disorders, and to check, to a great extent that desecration of the Lord's Day which is, unhappily, a growing evil in the community.

I am, very sincerely and respectfully, your obedient servant in Christ.

†JAMES F. WOOD,
Archbishop of Philadelphia.

CATHEDRAL, Philadelphia, May 13, 1876.

JAMES G. BLAINE and Benjamin H. Bristow are both prominent candidates for the Republican nomination for President. Blaine is an adroit, scheming politician, and is busily engaged all over the country in manipulating delegates to the Cincinnati convention who will vote for his nomination. He belongs to that class of public men who prefer to seek the Presidential office rather than permit the office to seek them. Bristow, as Secretary of the Treasury, attends strictly to the duties of his office, as the corrupt and plundering whiskey rings have discovered to their sorrow, and does not stoop to the low business of attempting to control State delegations to the national convention in his favor. Very recently Blaine wrote a letter to a member of the Republican convention of Maryland, and about the same time Bristow addressed a letter on the subject of the Presidency to a gentleman in Massachusetts. These two letters, which we publish below, completely illustrate the difference between a selfish politician and an upright statesman, and reveal the true character of the two men as Presidential aspirants:

BLAINE.	BRISTOW.
"Ordinarily I should be unwilling to express any preference as to what a State Convention might do touching myself. But of late, as you must know, a very persistent attempt has been made to throw mud at me, and a pronounced expression from the Maryland Convention in my favor would at this time be gratefully received."	"I have not sought, nor can I consent to seek, by any means, my own advancement—nor am I willing to do any act or take any step to place myself before the public as a candidate for office. I am quite willing to discharge as well as I can the duties of the office which I now hold."

THE Democratic delegate election in the different districts throughout the county will take place to-morrow, commencing at 2 o'clock, p. m., and closing at 7 o'clock, p. m. That there will be a large vote cast may be assumed, from the fact that the contest for the sheriffalty, which has swallowed up every other issue, has created more than the usual interest. Under the rules regulating the election, as established by the County Committee at its meeting held on the 14th of June, 1875, the member of the County Committee in each district, assisted by two Democrats, will conduct the election. The special attention of election officers is called to the *third* rule adopted by the Committee, as follows:

"Every qualified voter of the district, *who, at the preceding general election voted the Democratic ticket,* shall be entitled to vote at the delegate election."

We trust that the election officers will enforce this rule both in its letter and its spirit. A man who is known to have voted against the Democratic ticket last November, and who has the cheek to attempt to vote for delegates to-morrow, must be promptly told that his little game will not win, and that *his* party will hold its delegate election on some future day.

The Centennial Exposition.

From the editorial correspondence of the Lancaster *Intelligencer* we extract the following in relation to the great Philadelphia exhibition now and for more than a week past open to the public, and having had a hasty glance or two at the wonderful show, we can truly say that the picture here presented is very far from being overdrawn:

It is the greatest show the world has ever seen. You will not think of doubting this when you have seen it, and the oftener you attempt to see it the more confirmed will be your impression that as an exhibition it is peerless. Two hundred and fifty-six acres of land are covered with buildings, filled with the products of every civilized nation in the world; and still the work of building goes on and bids fair to continue until every available foot of space within the vast enclosure is occupied. There is no need of crossing the seas to visit foreign lands now that all that can interest us in them is brought to our doors. We have their people among us and their works and all the products of their lands. The Japanese come, dressed in their peculiar costumes, and build their houses under our observation that we may see what they are like and how they are deftly joined together without the use of nails. They bring with them, too, such an abundant display of their magnificent carvings and works of art, that their section is already recognized as one of the most interesting and beautiful in the exhibition. Sweden has erected a model school house, the simple beauty of which makes one shudder at the recollection of the hideous structures of this State of common schools. From the same kingdom, including the sister State of Norway, we have most life like groups, representing the people clothed in their customary garb and engaged in their usual avocations. In one a bride and groom are about being married; in another a huntsman and his family stand around a just slain elk; and again, a wife is presenting to her husband, a watchmaker sitting at his desk, a damsel who is an applicant for a favor of some sort. Then we have the Laplander in his furs, drawn in his rude sled by the hardy reindeer. From every country, as from these, we have before us the things which enable us to judge of the life, character and occupations of the people, better perhaps than we could if actually among them. They send us the natural woods which are the growth of their forests, the stones and the minerals which are taken from their mines, and the seeds and the fruits which are the products of their soils. Beautiful silver work comes from Spain, magnificent gold embroidered garments from Egypt, wonderful statuary and paintings from Italy; while from France, and Germany, and England and her numerous colonies, come such a wealth and variety of products, that one is in despair at the possibility of ever finding time to examine them. A whole life time passed in foreign travel would scarcely enable the most inquiring and industrious observer to see what is here brought together on these two hundred and fifty-six acres, and which it is possible to see something of during the coming six months. But most of us will never see as much as we would like to see, in the time which we can devote to the examination. The whole six months might be very profitably and pleasantly occupied in it, and we advise our readers to lay their plans so as to enable them to visit the exhibition as often as possible. They will find that the oftener they go the oftener they will want to go; they will never come away feeling that they have seen all that they want to see; unless, indeed, they are so overwhelmed with the magnitude of the show as despairingly give up any effort to master its mysteries.

PETROFF, who was expelled from the State Legislature for crooked ways on the boom bill, has, as we stated last week, announced himself as a candidate for re-election from the Fifth Philadelphia district, and judging from the average Philadelphia legislator, we do not entertain any serious doubt that Petroff will be able to make his calling and election sure, and most likely by a largely increased majority. We are anxiously expecting to hear that his partner in infamy, Lynott, of Luzerne, who was also expelled, has announced his willingness to return to fresh legislative fields and pastures new. They are a sweet and congenial pair of Arcadians. It is proper to state in this connection that Pete Herdic and Petroff's *pal*, Col. Embick, both of whom ran away from Harrisburg when the boom investigation commenced, and remained away during the balance of the session, returned to Williamsport on the day *after* the Legislature had adjourned. A copy of the testimony taken by the investigating committee was directed by the House to be delivered to the Attorney General of the State, for such action as he may deem proper. The public will await with some solicitude to learn what Mr. Lear, or if he refuses to act, what the District Attorney of Dauphin county, will do in the case of these two corruptionists, Herdic and Embick. The outraged law of the State must be vindicated and its violators must be sternly and fearlessly dealt with.

OBITUARY.—Yesterday morning at 6:45 the Rev. Father Rosecrans, of the order of Paulists, was stricken with paralysis and died almost immediately after the attack. The shock appears to have been wholly unanticipated either by the members of the religious household or the Father himself. Though in weak health, he had had no symptoms of a grave character. Rev. Adrian Louis Rosecrans, C. S. P., was the eldest son of Major General Rosecrans, of the United States Army; and a nephew of the Right Rev. Bishop Rosecrans, of the Catholic Diocese of Columbus, O. He was born in Newport, R. I., and was educated at the colleges of St. Mary of the West and Notre Dame, Indiana. At the time of his death he was in his twenty-eighth year. At eighteen, he joined the then newly-founded order of Paulist Missionaries, pursuing his studies for the priesthood at the convent of the society in this city. Completing his theological course, at twenty-three he was ordained priest by his uncle, the Bishop of Columbus, and very soon after was assigned to active duty on the mission circuit of the order. The excessive labor told severely upon a fragile constitution, and after the close of a mission in California last year he was compelled to seek repose at the New York home of the order. He possessed remarkable oratorical gifts, being especially esteemed therefor in a community of exceptionally powerful preachers. He was also distinguished as an essayist and was a contributor to the Catholic World. The last issue of this magazine has a paper from him entitled "The Root of Our Present Evils" His articles seldom failed to elicit encomiums for their vigor and sincerity, even from an antagonistic press.—*World, 12th.*

News and Other Notings.

—By fascinating arts known only to the female sex, an Omaha youth of twenty-two was recently induced to marry a widow of seventy-five.

—A great physical change has come over Brigham Young within the past few weeks, and the doctors think that he cannot live much longer.

—A Norristown man made a standing jump of 11 feet 4 inches, and challenges the world and all the rest of mankind to a jumping match.

—Butter and eggs are cheaper in Philadelphia since the opening of the Centennial then they have been for a year past. The market is glutted.

—A flash of lightning at Cheshire, Mass., tore holes in the ground all about a farmer and the cow he was milking, and then knocked both down.

—Miss H. G. Griffith, a milliner of Springfield, Ill., has fallen joint heir, with her brother, to an estate of $5,000,000, left by a grand uncle in Wales.

—Leavenworth is the home of a woman who has been divorced once, married three times, and now cares for a mixed family of thirteen children, none of which are her own.

—Mrs. Eva Kirkwood committed suicide on Saturday at Central Point, a station on the Parker & Karns City Railroad, by shooting herself through the brain with a revolver.

—Paul Campbell and Prince Robertston, both colored, were hanged at Savannah, Ga., on Tuesday, for the murder of Mrs. Cochrane and daughter, at Eden, Effingham county.

—Three children, between ten and twelve years of age, went boating on Friday on the Sault-au-Recollet, near Montreal. Their boat was swept into the rapids and all were drowned.

—Belle Plain, Iowa, claims the smallest woman in the world—Maggie Minot. She is eighteen years old, twenty-six inches high, and weighs thirty-one pounds. Tom Thumb is six inches taller.

—A chime of thirteen bells, an appropriate number for the centennial exhibition, will ring out patriotic tunes from one of the towers of Machinery Hall every day at sunrise, noon and sunset.

—James McHaffey, of Clearfield county, sent two rafts down the Susquehanna which measured 330 feet in length and 56 in width. They are said to have been the largest ever floated down the river.

—Mrs. Maxwell, the celebrated huntress of Colorado, exhibits at the Centennial a large collection of stuffed animals and birds killed by her own hand, including a buffalo, Rocky Mountain lion, and grizzly.

—In Clark county, Iowa, there is said to be a boy who eats hay like an ox and has a singular appetite for raw vegetables. He dislikes bread or cooked food, desiring rather to live on the raw productions of nature.

—Ten gentlemen refreshed themselves moderately with mildly stimulating beverages in one of the Philadelphia inns, and were charged eight dollars for the privilege. What strong drinks would have cost we do not know.

—Speaker Kerr writes from Staunton, Virginia, that his health has greatly improved, that he feels better than he has for six months. Some of the most distressing symptoms of his illness have entirely passed away recently.

—A single field in Grimes county, Texas, contains 13,000 acres all under one fence without a cross-fence in it; 10,000 acres are in cultivation. Nearly the entire field belongs to one man, who rents it out to tenants at $2 per acre.

—A cow belonging to John Fahnestock, of Penn township, Lancaster county, recently gave birth to a calf which had five legs and seven feet, the fifth leg being attached to the fore part of the body, and having three perfect feet.

—The Toledo *Blade* establishment, from which is issued, a daily, tri weekly and weekly, a farm journal and a magazine, was sold on Wednesday for $200,000. "Nasby" bought half of the establishment about ten years ago for $12,000.

—A. M. Grasse hanged himself at Napanee, Canada, last week. His father and mother committed suicide in the same manner when he was in his infancy, and left him to the care of his uncle, named Smith, who also hanged himself.

—Deacon McKee's hopes of a pardon have been dispelled by the untimely testimony of Widow Leavenworth, whose husband was paymaster of the St. Louis whisky ring. She avers that she has seen thousands of dollars paid over to McKee.

—Miss Margaret Shippen died in Philadelphia on the 9th inst., aged ninety-three years. Her father was Hon. Joseph Shippen, Secretary of the Provincial Council of Pennsylvania. Miss Shippen was a cousin of Peggy Shippen, who married Benedict Arnold.

—Archbishop Wood, of Philadelphia, has issued a pastoral letter to the clergy and laity directing a religious celebration of the next Fourth of July in all the churches of the diocese, with a mass of thanksgiving and a discourse appropriate to the occasion.

—At the Philadelphia centennial will be exhibited a cape, made sixty-two years ago, by a Mrs. Perkins, of the gossamer-like fibres of the common milkweed flower. It is of a rich, delicate cream color, having the softness of the finest floss, the garment being as light as a feather.

—They caught the "Fire Bug" in Williamsport on Saturday. Cornelius Carter is his name, and he was in the act of firing another lumber yard. He is undoubtedly the man who previously fired six other yards. Carter is half witted, and labors under the impression that the parties whose lumber he burned owe him money.

—One of the obstacles to the opening of the exposition on Sunday is said to spring from the opposition of the Pennsylvania commissioners, Hon. Asa. Packer and Hon. D. J. Morrell. Both are natives of New England and are said to be strongly imbued with the rigid notions of that region of country in regard to the Sabbath.

—In a lawsuit in Beaver county, the other day, a man named Woods testified against a woman charged with adultery. Mr. Woods' statements evidently did not please the woman against whom he testified. At any rate, she administered to him a horse whipping the first time she met him after the termination of the suit.

—A sea captain residing in Brooklyn, has kept the body of a favorite child in his house for seven years. The child died at the age of two years in South America, and the Captain had its remains placed in a metallic coffin. When he came to Brooklyn he brought it with him, and has had it in his house ever since. The Board of Health has been notified.

—The *Record* says: "There resides not six miles from Waynesboro a girl not fifteen years old, who weighs 115 pounds, is five feet high, but can carry on her shoulder a man of 250 pounds with ease. Her arms and muscles are equal to those of a practiced boxer or blacksmith. She is a native of the South Mountain, from near the high railroad bridge."

—A most deplorable affair occurred in the little town of Dahlgren, Hamilton county, Illinois, last Friday night. A party of young men gave John Sturman, recently married, a serenade. Sturman ordered the party off, but they not leaving at once he fired into them with a gun, killing one and wounding two. All the parties are highly respectable young men, Sturman being a son of Judge Sturman, one of the most prominent citizens of the county.

—C. A. Smith, of Cooper's Plains, N. Y., recently ploughed up in a field a can of some unknown substance, and took a portion, done up in paper, to a druggist in Corning to ascertain what it was. While opening the package, it burst into flames. Smith threw it out of the front door and struck a passer-by named Chase burning him so that his life is despaired of. D. F. Brown, a prominent lawyer of the place, in attempting to rescue Chase, was badly burned. The material was phosphorus.

—A special to the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* from twelve places representing the whole of Kansas, show the wheat crop to be universally better than ever before, and at least 20 per cent. acreage more than last year. About 10 per cent. of last year's crop is on hand. Preparations for corn planting shows that there will be a much larger acreage, probably 25 per cent., than last year. Planting is late, not over 10 per cent. yet being in the ground, but the prospects are that all will be planted in the next ten days if the weather continues good.

—A fire at Lexington, Ky., on Monday morning, consumed a stable containing six horses and wagons belonging to the Remington Sewing Machine Company. James Y. Brickey, agent of the Company, was seen to go in the hay mow with a lighted cigar, and is supposed to have fallen asleep, and the hay caught fire from the cigar. Brickey was consumed in the flames. Another fire at Yellmantown, a suburb of Lexington, destroyed eight houses owned by negroes. Total loss fifteen thousand dollars. Insurance twelve thousand.

—The emperor Dom Pedro, with his wife and entire suite of fifteen persons, left Philadelphia Friday morning for a trip in the south and west. The party secured accommodations on a special train, over the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, passing through Baltimore shortly after noon, and continuing the journey over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and other routes for St. Louis. It is the purpose of the Emperor to go as far south as New Orleans, and then return to Philadelphia and the centennial exhibition before going north.

—A building, by some thought to be a woolen factory, has been recently unearthed in Pompeii, and contains some grotesque small figures of children and other beings on one of its inner walls. An adjacent private house, also recently brought to light, is said to possess some fine wall paintings. A small group of two bacchanal figures, male and female, standing beside a column, is especially noted for its graceful treatment. It is said that henceforth many of the more artistic works will be left where they are found, instead of being transferred to the museum at Naples.

—Last Sunday about 10 o'clock eight children, whose ages ranged from 15 years down to 8, got into an old leaky skiff on the Ohio river, a short distance from Vevay, Indiana, and started out for a ride. When in the middle of the river they discovered the skiff rapidly filling with water, and they immediately attempted to reach the shore, shrieking for aid. The skiff soon went down. A gentleman on the Kentucky shore jumped into a small boat and attempted to rescue the children, but before he reached them, five of them—all children of Charles Irwin—were drowned. One of the rescued was so badly frightened that fears are entertained he will not recover.

—Mr. Thos. H. McCormick, of West Salem, has twin trees on his farm that are certainly a natural curiosity. The trees, which are beech, branch from a common root, apparently, as part of it can be seen above the ground. About five feet above the root the two trees are again joined together for a distance of about 18 inches, when they separate. The two trees are about nine inches in circumference at their bases, and are quite symmetrical. A large grape vine has made its way between the trees below their upper ligature, and completely fills up the space between. The bark where the trees are joined above is sound and smooth, and no traces of their joining can be discovered. This singular pair of vegetable Siamese twins have attracted a good deal of attention from persons in the neighborhood.

—Shortly after five o'clock Monday evening a terrific explosion occurred in the building at Braddock's Fields occupied by Dr. J. D. Schooley & Sons, on the first floor as a drug store and on the second floor as a offices and a fog signal factory. The cause of the explosion is as yet unknown. The building was blown down and together with the adjoining dwelling of Wm. McCombs took fire and was burned. The Doctor loses a valuable library, instruments and specimens, besides the building and stock. He had no insurance. McCombs' loss is about four thousand dollars, and is insured, but the amount is unknown. John M. McCready and Wm. Bowers, employes, were at work at the time, and were blown out into the street, a distance of forty feet. McCready received a painful cut on the head and Bowers is very badly, though it is thought, not dangerously injured. The Messrs. Schooley narrowly escaped with their lives. The explosion was fearful, shattering the glass in almost every house within two squares.

THE *World* says that in the excitement which followed the impeachment of Belknap the Republicans were naturally so anxious to divert public attention to some Democratic culprit, that they were ready to strike out wildly at anybody whom they fancied to be within reach. Their attack on Mr. George H. Pendleton was the result of this morbid condition of the Republican temper. The investigation into his affairs was prompted on the pretext of suspicious circumstances attending a payment made by the Government to the Kentucky Central Railroad; but the only point on which even partisan malice found it possible to hinge an accusation, concerned his private business and family relations—matters in connection with which he was not responsible to the public in any way. It was a curious offset to the malfeasance in office of a cabinet officer, to criticise the behavior of a private citizen towards his sister's children. We have had occasion so often to differ with Mr. Pendleton on points of public and party policy, that we take great pleasure in commending to our readers an account of the whole case made against him which comes to us upon excellent authority, and which certainly and completely clears his personal character of all the imputations put upon it. That account pictures very forcibly and clearly the relations of Mr. Pendleton to the heirs of the Bowler estate, and shows him, in the loving description of one of them, not as a "wicked uncle" of the fairy tales, a selfish and greedy guardian, but as a wise, generous, self-sacrificing kinsman and friend, who has earned by services a new title to the love and gratitude of those with whom he is most closely connected. Those whom he has been wickedly accused of robbing unquestionably regarded the surrender to him of a considerable sum, from the award made in the Central Railway case, as but a partial payment for years of labor and for great and continued sacrifices in their behalf. It is pitiable that political spite should be carried to the point of intruding upon, and misrepresenting transactions in their nature, absolutely within the pale of domestic life, and of the circle of men's home duties and affections.

—Nearly the whole business portion of the town of Darlington, S. C., was burned Sunday morning. The loss is estimated as upwards of $100,000; partially insured.

A MATTER OF POPULAR INTEREST

We condense from the *Lehigh Register* the substance of a conversation about Oak Hall, in Philadelphia, Wanamaker & Brown's "Largest Clothing House in America." A visitor and attendant are the speakers:

Visitor. "What corner is the Building on?"

Attendant. "South-East corner of *Sixth* and Market. Please note the SIXTH, for some strangers seeking Oak Hall, have been misled by designing persons."

V. "It is perfectly colossal! Do you know its dimensions?"

A. "42,000 square feet—66 on Market, and 180 odd on Sixth, six stories high, has over three acres of flooring, and covers space once occupied by more than twenty different business places."

V. "Do you use steam-power?"

A. "A giant young engine furnishes power for the freight and passenger elevators, and the boilers steam for heating, and the other operations of the house."

V. "What order do you take with goods?"

A. "They are first opened and arranged in the basement, on long low counters and taken thence on the freight elevator to the inspector's room on the fifth floor."

V. "Is inspecting the first operation?"

A. "No, sir, measuring. The goods are first measured in the piece, then inspected. The cloth passes over rollers in the face of a strong light, and two men sit, one before and one behind the goods, watching with the eye of a hawk for the least pin-hole imperfection, and marking every flaw, so that the cutter may see and avoid it when he comes to cut the garments."

V. "You must employ an army of cutters?"

A. "Come to our fifth floor and see! We keep 70 hands all the time cutting up the cloth into garments,—besides the machines that do a dozen men's work each at a stroke."

V. "Do you manufacture all your own goods?"

A. "We do, and most carefully. Our examiners inspect every stitch and seam, and certify to every garment as extra-well made before we put our ticket on it, and become responsible for it."

V. "Your system must save you a great deal?"

A. "In every direction, sir. It is the system and economy we practice all the way through, that enables us to put our prices down to the people as we do."

V. "After inspecting the work, what becomes of it?"

A. "Before it goes into Stock it is *ticketed*. Every single garment has its number and other points noted on it, so that its entire history can be traced without fail, upon our books."

V. "You must have 30 or 40 salesmen?"

A. "Why sir, on busy days you may see 100 in the various rooms and suites of rooms, selling to the throngs of customers."

V. "Do you do an order business by mail and express?"

A. "Very great. All over the country. Our perfect system and rules of self-[illegible] make it possible to please people [illegible] a way [illegible] perfectly as if they [illegible] person."

V. "I suppose you have at least [illegible] different departments?"

A. "My dear sir! we have [illegible] each charged with its own [illegible] thoroughly organized, a [illegible] in the great wheel."

V. "Will you name a dozen [illegible]"

A. "With pleasure. The [illegible] ment, for those who [illegible] ready-made. The Furnishing [illegible] with its [illegible] The Shirt Factory, with its [illegible] making our own [illegible] Sewing Department [illegible] lar store. The [illegible] Receiving Room. The [illegible] named before. The Special [illegible] ment. The Delivery Department [illegible] score of messengers. The [illegible]"

V. "Hold, hold! sir, enough!"

A. "I'm not half through. The [illegible] Department, with its [illegible] editing and publishing [illegible] Journal, circulating [illegible] (tell all your friends [illegible] Department, with its [illegible] Department. The Youths' [illegible] Children's Department [illegible] entrance for ladies. The [illegible] ment. The Chief Clerk's [illegible] its book-keepers and assistants [illegible] ager's Department; [illegible] other offices of the firm [illegible] thinking, planning, [illegible] ing, registering, [illegible] and in a thousand [illegible] to carry on a business [illegible] ing to between $2,000,000 and [illegible] nually."

V. "S-t-u-p-e-n-d-o-u-s!"

A. "Indeed it is! I forgot [illegible] Cashier's Department, which [illegible] of retail sales on some single day [illegible]"

V. "$25,000! Immense! [illegible] the house to buy cheap [illegible]"

A. "Exactly! You [illegible] people throng here, [illegible] on low prices and [illegible]"

V. "What are the [illegible] much about?"

A. "Our system of business [illegible] price, no deviation; 2. Cash [illegible] A guarantee protecting the purchaser [illegible] money returned if the buyer [illegible] be suited."

V. "Nothing could be fairer."

A. "Nothing. And the [illegible]"

V. "Well, I thank you [illegible] attention."

A. "Not at all. It's a pleasure [illegible] Call again; and be sure [illegible] maker & Brown's Oak Hall [illegible] ner Sixth and Market."

V. "Thank you! I shall be happy [illegible] Good morning."

SHIELDS HOUS[E]

FORMERLY "RED LION,"

W. H. STAHLMA[N]

SUCCESSOR TO STAHLMAN & McCOY,

PROPRIETOR,

NO. 7 SIXTH STREET,

Near Suspension Bridge, PITTSBURGH

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED,

And can be reached from all points by STREET CARS.

THE DINING RO[OM]

HAS BEEN NEWLY REFITTED IN EVERY DETAIL.

THE TABLE IS WELL SUPPLIED WITH THE VERY BEST THE MARKET [AFFORDS]

[3-10] RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.

HENRY W. KANAGA........................ FRANK [illegible]

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Corner Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,

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H. W. KANAGA & CO., Proprietors.

The above house, just open for the reception of guests, is most centrally located [illegible] business part of the city, and within two blocks of the Union Depot. The house [illegible] and furnished throughout in the most improved style, and will be in every respect [illegible] Hotel with all modern improvements, having the improved electric telegraph [illegible] ber, and in course of erection a first class passenger elevator, with all safety [illegible] The cuisine department will be a leading feature.

Great Western Hotel,

DILLINGER & CO., PROPRIETO[RS]

Nos. 1311, 1313 and 1315 Market Street, Philadelphia.

The subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have enlarged [illegible] fitted and newly furnished this large and commodious House. Street [illegible] Buildings pass and repass the Hotel every minute. PRICES VERY MODERATE.

The CAMBRIA FREEMAN received weekly at the Hotel.

—About Dom Pedro a gentleman in Brazil writes in a private letter: "You would let the Emperor severely alone in the United States if you knew how utterly he detests entertainments and publicities of all kinds. At home he never takes more than twenty minutes for dinner, except on the day when he invites the Portuguese Ambassador to celebrate the birthday of the King of Portugal. Then he gives that august diplomatic functionary ten minutes extra to feed. So tell my dear countrymen to handle their splendid American Emperor with tender consideration for these infirmities, if they wish him to carry back to Brazil agreeable recollections of his flying journey to the great republic."

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50 Visiting Cards, with your name finely printed, sent for 25c. We have 100 styles. Agents Wanted. 9 samples sent for stamp. A. H. FULLER & CO., Brockton, Mass.

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Omaha and California [Line]

Is the shortest and best route [illegible] Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, [illegible] oming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, [illegible] gon, China, Japan and Australia. [illegible]

Chicago, Madison and S[t. Paul] Line

Is the short line for Northern [illegible] Minnesota and for Madison, St. Paul [illegible] lis, Duluth, and all points in the [illegible] west. Its

Winona and St. Peter [Line]

Is the only route for Winona, [illegible] town, Mankato, St. Peter, [illegible] points in Southern and Central [illegible]

Green Bay and Marquette [Line]

Is the only line for Janesville, [illegible] Du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, [illegible] ba, Negaunee, Marquette, [illegible] and the Lake Superior Country. [illegible]

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Is the only route for Elgin, [illegible] and all points via Freeport. Its

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Is the old Lake Shore Route and [illegible] passing through Evanston, Lake F[orest, High]land Park, Waukegan, Racine, [Kenosha to Mil]waukee.

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are run on all through trains [illegible]

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At Omaha our Sleepers [illegible] land Sleepers on the Union Pacific [illegible] all points West of the Missouri [illegible]

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For Milwaukee, Four Through [illegible] Pullman Cars on night trains, [illegible] on day trains.

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For Dubuque, via Freeport, Two [illegible] daily, with Pullman Cars on [illegible]

For Dubuque and La Crosse, [illegible] Through Trains daily, with [illegible] night train to McGregor, Iowa.

For Sioux City and Yankton, Two [illegible] Pullman Cars to Missouri Valley [illegible]

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W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't. MARVIN [illegible] Gen. Sup't.

January 28, 1876. ly

[TH]E CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

[FR]IDAY, - - MAY 19, 1876.

[L]OCAL AND PERSONAL.

[Her]e, There, and the Other Place.

[—]The weather still continues dam(p); wet [and] dreary.

[—]The iron horse has only one ear, and [that] is the engineer.

[—]Indiana county promises to pan out an [imm]ense wheat crop this year.

[—]Argument Court is in session as we go [to pre]ss on Thursday afternoon.

[—]White Kats are the kind of felines on [the] Congressional track in Indiana county.

[—]It is considered very poor economy to [subs]cribe for a newspaper so long as you [can bo]rrow it.

[—]Good tomato plants can be bought at [low] prices by calling on or addressing Isaac [...], Ebensburg.

[—]Our kind lady friend, Mrs. Troxell, of [...], will please accept thanks for an [old c]opy of the Dollar Newspaper, dated [Jan]uary 2, 1853.

[—]There is a five-legged calf in Johnstown [whic]h is to be taken to the Centennial. The [nat]ive home of the bovine wonder is said [to b]e in Bedford county.

[—]The porters at the Leonard House and [...] House, Clearfield, have donned [...] jackets, red velvet vests and blue [...]. How's that for patriotic?

[—]Joseph Blose, of Westmoreland county, [fel]led a tree the other day, and then a branch [of] the tree felled him by striking him on [the] head and fracturing his skull.

[—]The heavy frosts on Saturday and Sunday mornings last did considerable damage [to g]arden truck, but did not, so far as we [have] learned, interfere with the fruit pros[pects].

[—]The criminal business at the coming [...] court promises to be very light, though [the] probabilities are that two more representatives will be sent to the penitentiary [at th]at session.

[—]The residence of A. H. Vorhis, in Al[toon]a, was entered by burglars on Wednes[day n]ight of last week and despoiled of [$...] worth of movable property, among [whic]h were several valuable books.

[—Sim]on J. Miller, the defaulting Treasu[rer o]f Westmoreland county, was on Satur[day] last found guilty of larceny, but at latest [acc]ounts he had not yet received his sentence. [The ex]act amount embezzled was $9,709.

[—]The distillery of Mr. Joseph Geis, in [this t]own, which, by the way, was the only [one] in Cambria county, has been closed [in] consequence of the dissatisfaction of [a Gov]ernment official with the interior ar[range]ment of the building.

[—]John Goodwin, a miner in the employ of [the] C. I. Co., Johnstown, was caught be[twee]n one of the cars and the side of the drift, [on M]onday last, and had both collar bones [brok]en, his chest severely crushed, and was [badly] cut about the face and head.

[—A] little girl named Counsel, of Liberty [town]ship, Centre county, recently became [...] by the simple process of eating the [phos]phorus off the ends of a few matches. [A pi]ty that wiser Counsels did not in[terv]ene to prevent so sad a catastrophe.

[—]Gotleib Zyring, of Layton's station, aged [...] and Mrs. K. Hull, of Laurel Run, aged [...], were married at West Newton, West[more]land county, on the 27th ult. The [...] couple are evidently impressed with [the be]lief that it is never too late to do good.

[—A] [...] par school under the charge of Co. [...] Berg has been opened at the Union [Schoo]l building, and will be kept open for [...] twelve weeks. Prof. Berg is an [excell]ent teacher and should have no dif[ficult]y in securing a large number of pupils.

[—]Barbara Kolb, of Johnstown, came near [losin]g her life at Millvale station, on Friday [even]ing last, by alighting from the cars be[fore] they had come to a full stop. As it was [she r]eceived two or three ugly gashes on the [head] and had both of her ears somewhat [injur]ed.

[—]The total loss by the explosion at Brad[dock]'s Fields, of which a brief notice will [be fo]und elsewhere, aggregates, it is said, [abou]t $3,000, of which Dr. Schuckey loses [...], and has no insurance. The ex[plosio]n, it has been ascertained, was caused [by a] stroke of lightning.

[—]The Indiana county Prohibitionists have [nomi]nated the following ticket: Congress, [...] Senate, T. B. Elder; Assembly, [...] Work and N. Nesbit; Jury Com[missio]ner W. G. Stewart; Presidential elec[tor,] A. W. Wilson; Delegate to National [Conv]ention, J. M. Guthrie.

[—Dr.] Sapler, of Hollidaysburg, who as[siste]d in making an autopsy of the man Aus[tin who] recently died at Gallitzin from ery[sipelas], has had the misfortune to become inoc[ulated] with the disease through a small cut [on o]ne of his hands, and it is now feared [that h]is life will pay the forfeit.

[—]And now comes Mrs. John Aurentz, a [lady] residing in the vicinity of Blairsville, [with a q]uilt which knocks the spots off all [the q]uilts that have yet been heard from, [a geni]ne "Red River" containing no [less t]han 17,648 separate and distinct pieces. [It] is sent to the centennial.

[—]The Republican convention of Blair [coun]ty, held in Hollidaysburg on Tuesday [last,] nominated the following ticket: As[sembly,] Capt. Daniel Shock and Col. D. M. [...]; Sheriff, James M. Stiffler; Prothon[otary,] John B. Hicks; Director of the Poor, [...]; Jury Commissioner, T. Fink.

[—M]r. John Lloyd, of the firm of Myers & [Lloyd,] is now in the east laying in a large [stock] of spring and summer goods, which [will] soon be on the shelves of their exten[sive es]tablishment in this place, ready for [the i]nspection and purchase of their num[erous c]ustomers. So look out for an elegant [assor]tment at the lowest prices.

[—]The lad Long, who was so horribly [mang]led a month or so ago by a freight train [at] the Johnstown depot, is going to sur[vive, m]uch longer than was anticipated. In [fact, he] is so far recovered that it is ex[pected] he will be able to leave his bed in a [short t]ime. Long may he live and to railroad [trains ...] the future a wide berth give.

[—A] black horse belonging to a man named [...], a resident of Spruce Creek, Hunt[ingdon] county, was stolen on Friday night [last.] The horse is seven years old, about [fifteen] and a half hands high, has a thick [mane,] under which the letter H is branded, [and] hind feet are white to the pastern. [...] dollars reward is offered for his recov[ery].

[—]Says the *Herald* of last week: "Mr. [...] H. Kinkead brought to our office the [other d]ay a mammoth hen egg, the daddy of [them a]ll. It is the production of a silver [spangl]ed Hamburg, and measures eight [inches o]ne way and six inches the other. It [is an ex]traordinary large egg, and it is [only in] order to ask who can beat it." A[...]

[—A] two story frame house belonging to [...] Vanderbender, at Lacimer station, [was on] Friday evening last, destroyed by [fire, w]ith all it contained. The alarm was [given] in time to save the property, but it [was ...] so long to pronounce the [...] of the owner that the house was [burne]d down before anybody could reach [...]

[—]Rodgers Bonner lied, as she often does, [...] assured us last week that a calf [was] stolen from the stable of Mrs. J. [...], the truth being that the calf was [sold] in accordance with an arrangement [made] with one of our butchers, the only [myst]ery about its removal being the fact [that it] was called for at a very early hour in [the m]orning.

[—]Rt. Rev. Bishop Tuigg, in accordance [with] the privilege granted him by Bishop [...], confirmed one hundred and sixty[...] and adults—seventy-six males [and ...] females—at St. John's church, [Johnst]own on Sunday afternoon last, and on [the fo]llowing evening (Monday) he dedica[ted the ha]ll of St. John's Literary and Ben[evolent Society].

[—]A pedlar's pack was found in the river [at] Sang Hollow, this county, a few days ago, [...] the owner thereof has failed to put [in an a]ppearance, the general presumption [is that] a foul murder has been [committ]ed and that the body of the victim [is conce]aled somewhere in the vicinity, [...] efforts to unravel the mystery have [so far] proved unavailing.

—Dr. Oatman is having a large frame addition put to the front of what is known as the Devine property, now owned by him, and when complete, as it will be ere many days, he will have as snug a residence as any man of modest pretensions could wish for. All which is as it should be, no disciple of Esculapius having more faithfully earned a comfortable home.

—While in Pittsburgh not long since we were shown a German Catholic Bible printed in the year 1479. It is a well preserved relic of the olden time and is handsomely illuminated throughout with elaborate letters and other designs in red ink, all done by hand. The binding is fully half an inch thick. Rev. A. A. Lambing is the happy possessor of this rare and valuable work.

—On last Saturday afternoon the Juniata base ball club of Hollidaysburg met and conquered the Mountain City club of Altoona, on the grounds of the latter, by a score of 12 to 7, and on Monday the Active club of Reading went for the scalps of both to the time of 10 to 3 in six innings played with the Juniata, and 19 to 6 in nine innings played with the Mountain City.

—Stewart Colbert, a twelve year old resident of Coopersdale borough, this county, desirous of ascertaining the "true inwardness" of a pistol cartridge, attempted the other day to explore the mystery with the aid of a pin, but had not fully satisfied his curiosity when the thing exploded, tearing the second finger from his left hand and lacerating both of his thumbs very badly.

—The Bonner House at Loretto, of which Mr. W. J. Bonner is proprietor, having just been finished and opened to the public, offers excellent accommodations on fair terms to all who may wish to sojourn for a time in that delightful locality, and especially to those who design passing the summer months amid the delights of the Alleghenies. Terms only $10 per week. See card.

—While engaged, on Thursday of last week, in putting handles on chisels, Mr. John D. Sulllivan, a carpenter in the employ of Morrison, Bare & Co., at Roaring Spring, Blair county, accidentally slipped and fell on one of the chisels, the blade of which penetrated his body to a considerable depth in close proximity to the heart, producing a wound which caused his death soon after.

—Albert Krause was struck by the engine of the Day Express east on Tuesday morning last, between Braddock's and Brinton stations, and thrown about forty feet into the air, but strange to say escaped with his life, the extent of his injuries being a broken leg, a dislocated shoulder and a severe gash on the back of his head. He was taken to the West Penn Hospital, Pittsburgh, for treatment.

—Utterly oblivious to the good work performed by Hon. Daniel J. Morrell on behalf of the Centennial, some unconscionable scoundrel at the Exposition went through that gentleman's pocket on the opening day to the tune of $500 in greenbacks and a splendid gold watch. At least such is the story, and if true the moral is obvious. So is Morrell—obviously out of pocket to a very heavy extent.

—A thirteen-year old lad named Willie Todd, whose parents reside in Indianapolis, Ind., reached Altoona on Monday last, *en route* for the Centennial, but owing to the total depletion of his exchequer he was compelled to tarry in the Mountain City, where he will probably remain until his father, who is a real estate agent in the former city, comes after or otherwise disposes of him. The youthful adventurer no doubt skipped away from home.

—Mr. John T. Cooney, of East Conemaugh, announces himself as an aspirant for legislative honors at the hands of the Democracy of this county, subject of course to the action of next Monday's convention. Mr. Cooney is one of the best read and most sensible gentlemen in the county, and although he makes no great display of his talents, we are sure that if he attains the position sought for he will make an honest, faithful and competent representative.

—The same old story *Over* again. The editor of the Hollidaysburg *Register* has been defeated for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Blair county. Being a newspaper man, whose business it is to boost others into office and never ask for a return of the compliment, his defeat may be accepted as a matter of course. Such at least is politics, Democratic as well as Republican, and the Scriptures assure us that there are certain things it is fully to kick against.

—A man named Ewing, a dealer in drugs, who hails from the vicinity of Tyrone, was stopped by two knights of the road, somewhere in Clearfield county, on Thursday afternoon of last week, and relieved of forty dollars in money, a valuable watch, and several notes. One of the highwaymen leveled a rifle at Mr. E.'s head, while the other one ordered him to stand and deliver, which being done to their satisfaction, they told him to drive on and then betook themselves to the woods.

—While on your way to the centennial it will pay you to stop off at Altoona and take a look through the extensive clothing emporium of Godfrey Wolf, next door to the post-office, and even if you don't need anything in his line just then, you cannot fail to learn from an examination of his stock and prices that he is the right man to buy from when you do need a new suit or wearing apparel of any description. If not on your way to the centennial it will do just as well to call on Mr. Wolf.

—The Johnstown *Democrat* does not vouch for the truth of the story about a prominent citizen of that place having had his pockets picked at the centennial, but is willing to vouch for the fact that any person investing his money at Star Clothing Hall, 109 Clinton street, may depend upon gaining instead of losing by the operation. All which we can confirm from personal experience and from a long acquaintance with Mr. Murphy, the gentlemanly proprietor of Star Hall.

—Neal Patton, charged with causing the death of Peter Austin, the facts in relation to which were published by us last week, was arrested at Lloydsville and brought to this place on Wednesday night last, where he was committed to prison, and yesterday at 1 o'clock, p. m., he was afforded a hearing before Esquire Kinkead, which resulted in sending him back to jail, from which he was eventually taken before Judge Dean on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and released on $500 bail, which was promptly furnished.

—To the credit of the Messrs. Mullen be it said that the St. Cloud Hotel is the only first class house in Philadelphia that did not raise the price of board in consequence of the Centennial Exposition; and while it is scarcely necessary to advise our readers to hang up their hats at the St. Cloud when they visit that city, this disposition on part of the proprietors not to take advantage of the wants of centennial visitors should have the effect of bringing them a largely increased custom from all points of the compass.

—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* says that Matthias Powell, who resides at Duncansville, and who is in his ninety-seventh year, would like to go to the Centennial. He says if the distance was not so great he would walk it, and the old gentleman, notwithstanding his advanced age, has pluck enough to undertake it. He was a sailor in the war of 1812, was on the famous Constitution in all her noted naval engagements, and sought to have an opportunity of going to Philadelphia without any expense to himself. Shall his wish be gratified?

—An elderly lady has been swindling several of the business men of Altoona by representing that she had called at their respective residences and sold each of their wives a pair of fowls, for which, being without change, they had requested her to call on the husbands aforesaid and collect the amount due her. The money was forthcoming in every instance, but when the "man of the house" returned home it was only to find that his wife knew nothing of the transaction and that he himself had as a matter of course been *foul-y* swindled.

—The following sentence contains all the letters of the alphabet: "John quickly extemporized five tow bags." If John had lived within reaching distance of S. J. Hess' renowned Oak Hall clothing store, 241 and 243 Main street, Johnstown, it is fair to presume that he would never have extemporized five tow bags, or any other number of tow bags, because it wouldn't pay John or any other man to do that kind of extemporizing so long as the best of ready-made clothing can be bought at such remarkably low prices as prevail at that extensive establishment.

—The Indiana *Democrat* recounts a sad accident which occurred at the mill of Mr. Jacob Steer, in West Mahoning township, that county, on Monday of last week. Two little boys, sons of Mr. Steer, were playing about the mill, and seating themselves on a grain or flour bin clasped their arms around a revolving shaft. In doing so their arms were caught in the gearing. The one had his arm fractured above the elbow, and the other had his arm crushed from the elbow to the hand. Our informant tells us that it is feared that both will lose an arm. If our information is correct they were aged respectively about ten and six years.

—An effort was recently made to oust Mr. Geo. J. Akers, local editor of the *Daily Mirror*, from his seat in the Altoona city councils, but we are glad to say that the effort has proved entirely futile. It was alleged that he was temporarily absent from his ward at the time of the election, and consequently was ineligible to occupy a seat in that body. Finally the matter was referred to Attorney-General Lear, and a notice was served on Akers to show cause why a writ of *quo warranto* should not be issued. F. P. Tierney, Esq., counsel for the respondent, prepared his views on the matter, which were forwarded to the Attorney-General, and the writ was then refused. So George emerges triumphantly, and he can just remain a city dad as long as the people see fit to keep him in the council.

—Maggie Cook, of Pittsburgh, aged 18, Maggie Carson, of Moore's station, on the Connellsville railroad, aged 14, and Ellen Moore, of Shaner's station, aged 19, were arrested in Altoona, on Thursday of last week, while on their way to Philadelphia, for which city they had been tempted to take passage in hopes of securing employment from a pretended labor agency which has filled the country with alluring circulars designed to lead innocent maidens into the paths of iniquity. The three girls helped themselves to $74 and a revolver belonging to Mr. Carson, and then walked all the way from Shaner's station to Irwin's station, eleven miles, and took passage for Pittsburg, where they purchased tickets for New York, in hopes no doubt of misleading those who might pursue them. Deputy Sheriff McGuffy, of Greensburg, was put upon their track, however, and telegraphing to Altoona, he succeeded in having them arrested, as above stated. Miss Cook and Miss Carson seemed very penitent when taken into custody, but Miss Moore threatened to do it more times if the opportunity offered.

—Our transition from the dark and dismal quarters heretofore occupied by us to an office replete with an abundance of light and all other comforts, has so elated us that we can scarcely settle down to the routine duties devolving upon us, and hence we have to ask the indulgence of our readers for any apparent remissness until we get the hang of the thing, which we trust will be in the course of a week or two. In the meantime we hope that our patrons will not only come to see us in our new office, but that all those indebted, as well as all who wish to see the central organ of the party properly sustained, will lend a helping hand now to make the FREEMAN a better and more prosperous paper than ever, and also enable us to extend our business, now that we have extended our capacities and facilities for doing business. In other words, we want to add a complete job department to our newspaper office, and we hope and pray for the necessary encouragement from all our friends, and especially from those who are indebted to us for subscription, advertising and job work. What say ye, gentlemen? Shall this appeal be in vain?

A SHOCKING DEATH.—Last week's issue of the Osceola *World* contains the following:

On Sunday last, Mary Waldron, about seven years of age, and daughter of Patrick Waldron who lives a short distance from town, met with a terrible death from the careless—we should say criminal—use of kerosene oil. The child was standing in the doorway, and her sister, a little girl a year or two older, having been told to make a fire in the stove, was attempting to do so by pouring kerosene oil on the "kindlers" from a half-gallon oil can. At this moment, the unfortunate little girl ran toward the stove which produced a sudden rush of air, causing the oil to ignite. An explosion, sounding like the report of a pistol, instantly followed, and the flames communicating with the younger child's clothing she ran out into the street, where she was taken up and carried to a house on the opposite side. There being no available means at hand for smothering the girl's burning clothes, she was plunged into a tub of water, which, of course, extinguished the fire, but must have produced the most intense pain. This happened a short time after 1 o'clock, while the parents and some neighbors, were out at the stable attending to a sick cow, and the injuries sustained by the little girl were of such a shocking character, that after lingering about nine hours, she was relieved by death, from her sufferings. The sister who was instrumental in causing the accident, was too young to know anything about the explosive nature of kerosene, but she evidently had seen her mother, or other members of the family, use the oil for the same purpose, or she would never have thought of kindling the fire in that way. She fortunately escaped without injury, but the floor was set on fire, and the house would have been destroyed while the parents were attending to their suffering child, had not some of the neighbors exerted themselves in extinguishing the flames.

MONEY, AND MONEY'S WORTH.—If your health fails, you must make proper efforts to restore it, or content yourself to die before your time, or live a life of sickness and misery, a useless drone in the busy hive of life. There are few sicknesses, even of a chronic sort, that cannot be cured by a resort to proper and painstaking means. Dr. Keyser, the great consumption and chronic physician, has done wonders in the way of restoring chronic invalids to health; the discovery of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE has made the consumptive's chances of life a thousand times better than ever before, and the Doctor is greater than his Lung Cure, when you can afford to employ both. In thousands of cures which Dr. Keyser has effected, some even, after all hope of life was abandoned, stamp him as a man of rare genius and wonderful abilities in the cure of any chronic disease. Treatise sent free.

Price of Lung Cure $1.50 per bottle or $7.50 per half dozen. To be had at Dr. Keyser's Laboratory, 240 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh. His private consulting office is No. 120 Penn avenue.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS.—It is reported that BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has, since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 40,000 dozen per year. Over 6,000 Druggists have ordered this Medicine direct from the Factory, at Woodbury N. J., and not one have reported a single failure, but every letter speaks of its astonishing success in curing severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of Throat and Lungs. We advise any person that has any predisposition to weak Lungs, to go to their Druggists, Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, or Woieslagle & Son, Wilmore, and get this Medicine, or inquire about it. Regular size, 75 cents; sample bottle, 10 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Don't neglect your cough.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York.* [4-21.-6m.]

—The Bedford *Gazette* came to us last week minus its patent outside and appareled throughout with an elegant new suit of type, which makes it one of the handsomest as it is one of the oldest and most successful journals in the State. The *Gazette* is an able advocate of Democratic principles, and well deserves as it seems to receive the earnest support of the Bedford county Democracy.

—Drop by drop the canal runs dry, the last drop reported being the dropping of navigation between Petersburg and Huntingdon, or in other words, a notification to boatmen on part of the Pa. R. R. Co. that on and after June 1st, no boats will be allowed to ascend the "raging canawl" farther than Huntingdon.

—Mrs. R. E. Jones is now in the midst of her grand opening of Spring millinery goods, embracing the largest and finest display of the kind ever made in Ebensburg, and will be glad to welcome her lady friends and exhibit to them the beauties of her stock and the advantage of the cash system.

"O wad some power the gift to gi'e us,
To see oursel's as ithers see us."

Behold that pale, emaciated figure, with downcast eye, like some criminal about to meet her fate! See that nervous, distrustful look, as she walks along with a slow and unsteady step. The pink has left her cheeks and the cherry her lips. The once sparkling, dancing eyes are now dull and expressionless. The once warm, dimpled hands are now thin and cold. Her beauty has fled. What has wrought this wondrous change? What is that which is lurking beneath the surface of that once lovely form? Does she realize her terrible condition? Is she aware of the woeful appearance she makes? Woman, from her very nature, is subject to a catalogue of diseases from which man is entirely exempt. Many of these maladies are induced by her own carelessness, or through ignorance of the laws of her being. Again, many Female Diseases, if properly treated, might be arrested in their course, and thereby prove of short duration. They should not be left to an inexperienced physician who does not understand their nature, and is, therefore, incompetent to treat them. The importance of attending to Female Diseases in their earliest stages cannot be too strongly urged. For if neglected, they frequently lead to Consumption, Chronic Debility, and oftentimes to Insanity. In all classes of Female Diseases, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is without a rival. No medicine has ever surpassed it. In "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," of which R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., is the author and publisher, is an extended treatise on WOMAN AND HER DISEASES. Under this head, the various affections to which woman is incident are carefully considered, accurately portrayed, and a restorative course of treatment suggested. Every woman, as she values her life and health, should possess a copy of this valuable book. If she be diseased, this "Adviser" will show her how she may be restored to health, and also direct her how she may ward off many maladies to which she is constantly being exposed. Let every suffering woman heed this timely advice and *see herself as others see her*. Price of Adviser, $1.50 (post-paid) to any address.

HOW IT WAS DONE.—In our issue of last evening we recorded the serious accident which befel a lad in Coopersdale, whose curiosity led him to pick open a pistol cartridge with a pin. To-day an occurrence of a somewhat similar nature took place in the Third Ward, by which a six-year-old son of Mr. John M. King suffered severe injury. By some means the boy secured possession of a railroad explosive, such as is used for fastening on the track for the purpose of giving warning of danger. He knew that by striking it forcibly it would crack like a pistol, so he took it out to the wood-shed, and laid it on an axe. Then he got a hatchet, and brought the poll of it down with sufficient force to explode the cap. A portion of the metal which confined the material flew up against his cheek, cutting a wound of about an inch in length, and glanced off to his right temple, where it ploughed through to the skull, fracturing the outer portion of the skull bone. The blood flowed very profusely, and when several persons who were attracted by the loud detonation reached the shed it was their opinion that the lad was fatally hurt. Fortunately such was not the case, and in a few days he will be all right again, although a permanent scar will likely remain. Dr. Schill dressed his injuries.—*Johnstown Tribune, 16th.*

Local Correspondence.

CARROLLTOWN, May 16, 1876.

DEAR FREEMAN—After first congratulating you upon getting into your snug new quarters, I give you briefly the items of news coming under my observation.

In the first place, we had Prof. Jno. Hart, of Lancaster, here for three nights in elocutionary and dramatic readings. He was well and deservedly received on all three occasions, but on the last evening (Saturday) he had really a flattering house, the Hall of the Literary Association being crowded with an attentive and appreciative audience. It is sufficient to say of Prof. Hart that he delighted all who heard him and that he left us well pleased with his visit. We hope to hear him soon again.

A terrific hail storm passed over this place on Monday evening. In width the storm appeared to cover about a mile, and came unexpectedly, but was fortunately, accompanied with no great amount of wind. As it was, however, a number of window panes were broken, and plenty of hail stones were picked up as large as hazel nuts, and even larger. In fact our oldest citizens do not remember so heavy a hail storm nor of seeing hail stones so large in size. Many fruit trees were stripped of their blossoms and ornamental trees of their leaves and smaller branches. This was followed, later in the evening, by a heavy fall of rain, accompanied by fearful thunder and lightning.

PETE HEIKUS.

HYMENEAL.

JORDAN—ROBERTS.—In Johnstown, on the 16th inst., at the residence of Mr. N. I. Roberts, by Revs. D. M. Miller and T. R. Jones, Mr. GEORGE C. JORDAN and Miss MIRANDA A. ROBERTS, both of that place.

LECKY—CUTE.—In St. John's church, Johnstown, on the 11th inst., by Rev. O. P. Gallagher, Mr. PHILIP LECKY, of the Viaduct, and Miss CATHARINE CUTE, of the former place.

OBITUARY.

RANDALL.—Died, in Gallitzin township, on Tuesday, May 9, 1876, ANNIE ELIZABETH, infant daughter of James and Angeline Randall, aged 8 months and 21 days.

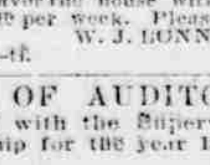
Little one, pure as the blossoms lying,
Snowy and silent, upon your breast,
Fairer than they is your face angelic,
Peaceful as Heav'n your sweet, sweet rest.

Glass FRUIT Jars.

THOS. WICHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

WINDOW GLASS, BOTTLES & VIALS of all kinds. Orders promptly executed. Get our prices and circulars before buying. Quality unsurpassed. (5-19.-4t.)

BONNER HOUSE, LORETTO, PA.



—Having just completed and furnished this commodious and elegant hotel, the subscriber respectfully solicits from the public in general and summer visitors in particular a fair share of patronage. The house is supplied with all modern improvements, and has a fine ten-pin alley attached, as well as abundant provisions for the accommodation and amusement of all who may favor the house with their custom. Terms only $10 per week. Please give me a call. W. J. BONNER.

Loretto, May 19, 1876.-tf.

STATEMENT OF AUDITORS' SETTLEMENT with the Supervisors of Allegheny Township for the year 1875 to April 10, 1876:

FRANK L. LITTLE, Supervisor, DR.

To amount of his Duplicate	$544.16
" " " cash rec'd from taxables	64.07
	$608.23

CR.

By work done by taxables	$478.17
" exonerations allowed	2.82
" am't returned to Commissioners	60
" " of orders pai.—	
J. D. Herzog	1.40
J. D. Herzog	2.10
P. Moran	2.30
H. Troxell	1.50
Joseph Ellig	3.95
H. Eckenrode	7.00
By his time, 58¼ days at $1.50 p. d.	87.37
" putting up four notices	50
" cash received from taxables	64.07—$65^.79
Balance due Supervisor Little	$ 43.56

THOMAS MULLEN, Supervisor, DR.

To amount of his Duplicate	$443 20
" " received from taxables	6.58
" " due Township at last settlem'nt	31 85
	$481.63

CR.

By work done by taxables	$399 ^1
" exonerations allowed	15.80
" receipt of Anthony M'Coy	8 00
" his time, 50 days at $1.50 p. d.	75.0)
" cash received from taxables	6.53—$502.99
Balance due Supervisor Mullen	$ 21.33

We, the undersigned Auditors of Allegheny township, do certify that we have examined the duplicates and vouchers of Frank L. Little and Thomas Mullen, Supervisors, and find the foregoing to be a true statement.

JOHN C. BRADLEY, }
J. A. ECKENRODE, } Auditors.
J. TOMLINSON, }

Attest—Jos. HOGUE, Twp. Clerk. (5-19.-3t.)

GEO M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [aug.27,'72.]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.* and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on **MONDAY, JUNE 5th, 1876, at 1 o'clock, P. M.**, the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Jacob Kunsman, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Beers, Charles Youngkin, Samuel Dean, and others, containing about 60 acres, more or less, all cleared having thereon erected a two story frame house frame barn, and a coal bank in working order, in the occupancy of Jacob Kunsman, and a two story frame house in the occupancy of Charles Kunsman. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Beers and A. H. Fiske & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John B. Paul, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the village of Summerhill, Croyle township Cambria county, Pa., having a township road on the east and a township road on the north, lot of Isaac Wike on the west and south, having thereon erected a three story frame house, known as the "Union House," now in the occupancy of John B. Paul and John Vanakin. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of John B. Paul, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Martin Menline, Isaac Paul, and others, containing 69 acres, more or less, unimproved. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jacob W. Smay, for use of John D. Wentroth and Thomas J. Leaman.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Luke P. Burgoon, of, in and to two lots of ground situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike, and adjoining land of George Swanerer on the west, an alley on the east, and running back to land of John Eckley, having thereon erected a two story frame house known as the "Eagle Hotel," and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of Luke P. Burgoon. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Edward Roberts.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of M. B. Wadsworth, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the village of Summerhill, Croyle township, Cambria county, Penn'a, fronting on Township road on the north, having an alley on the east, lot of James Conners on the west, and lot of Thomas Leaman on the south, having thereon erected a two story house, now in the occupancy of M. B. Wadsworth. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Howe Sewing Machine Company.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Kline, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Warner, Adam Leiden, and George Deitrich, containing 35 acres, more or less, about twelve acres cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a half story log house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Daniel Kline. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Dickey, surviving partner of Wm. S. Dickey & Son.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Smithbower, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Larimer estate, Alex. Young, Evan Bennett, and John Evans, containing 175 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank house and a frame barn, now in the occupancy of Neil McKay. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Griffith.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Harry Marlett, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of James McGuire, Jane McGuire, and others, containing 108 acres, more or less, about 35 acres cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of James McCartney. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of G. W. Schmidt and W. J. Friday, doing business as Schmidt & Friday, and Burns & Smucker.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Isaac Edmiston, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of James E. Davis and Bell's heirs, having thereon erected a one story plank house, now in the occupancy of Isaac Edmiston, containing 120 acres, about 40 acres cleared. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Samuel J. Fries.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Vitus Klinely, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Kunruff, David Carson, Adam Leiden, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 10 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Vitus Klinely. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Anthony Gill.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Warner, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Charles Warner, Christian Warner, John Swope, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 2? acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Daniel Warner.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Warner, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the village of St. Lawrence, Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the public road leading from Carrolltown to St. Lawrence and extending back to lot of Kibler & Crook on the north, an alley on the east, and lands of Kibler & Crook on the west, having thereon erected a two story plank house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of Joseph Roddy. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Schermer, for use of A. Waller, now for use of Wood, Marsh & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Robert McDade, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the east by the Township road to Lilly's Station, on the north by the Huntingdon, Indiana and Cambria Turnpike, and on the south by the Ebensburg and Cresson Rail Road, containing about four acres. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of F. P. Tierney.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James S. Lucket, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Barr township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Henry Hopple, George Sherry, and others, containing 125 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of James S. Lucket. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of F. Bearer.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Mary Isenberg, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in the East Ward, Ebensburg borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by lot of John Garman on the north and west, lot of Mrs. Shinafelt on the east, and Crawford street on the south, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story frame house, now in the occupancy of Mary Isenberg. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Ann Patterson.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Samuel Milliken, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of George Walters, George Glass, Joseph Glass, and others, containing 118 acres, more or less, about 4 acres cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story log cabin and log stable, now in the occupancy of Thomas Osbell. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John M. Troxell.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John E. McMullen, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of James McCance, Isaac Gates, and others, containing 58 acres, more or less, about 35 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of John E. McMullen. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of W. J. Buck.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds upon confirmation of the Deed.

HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, May 15, 1876.

TRIAL LIST, JUNE TERM.—List of Causes set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Ebensburg, for Cambria county, commencing on MONDAY, the 5th day of JUNE, A. D. 1876:

FIRST WEEK.

Henry Fye	vs.	D. W. Harshberger.
J. P. Donoughe	vs.	Patrick B. Kerlin.
Same	vs.	Same.
John Brady	vs.	Rose M'Gough et. al.
Catherine Todd Adm.	vs.	Edmund J. Waters.
Lewis J. Bearer	vs.	Dysart & Son.
W. S. Waters & Co.	vs.	Joseph Shoemaker.
J. S. Milliken, for use	vs.	A. J. Christy.
Washington Gough	vs.	A. J. Christy.
Frank E. Irwin's use	vs.	M. J. Nagle.
Henry Mellon	vs.	Finney & Johnston.
Cooper & Mellon	vs.	Finney & Johnston.
Frederick Lauer	vs.	D. W. Harshberger.

SECOND WEEK.

Thompson & Ray	vs.	John E. Holmes.
John Shell	vs.	John Bradley.
Cambria Iron Co.	vs.	John J. Fisher.
Cambria Iron Co.	vs.	Francis Christy.
John Brotherline	vs.	John Fisk, John C. Gates, et. al.
Isaac Hugus	vs.	Sarah Jane Morrison.
J. Z. Nagle	vs.	R. A. Glass.
Richard Rowland	vs.	Richard J. Evans.
Griffith Owens	vs.	Richard J. Evans.
Joseph Trexler	vs.	David Trexler & Mary Bendon.
John P. Watson	vs.	T. H. Lapsley.
John P. Watson	vs.	Alex. Kennedy et. al.
M. Brestle	vs.	John Hannan.
Hon. James P. White	vs.	George Knowlton.
Augustine Holt	vs.	Martin & Co.
Barbara Robb	vs.	Peter Gick.
Adam Rose	vs.	George Rager.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 8, 1876.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of JAS. A. LITTLEFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of James A. Littlefield, late of Chest Springs borough, Cambria county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make prompt payment, and those having claims against it are requested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement.

CHARLES WHARTON, Administrator.

Chest Springs, May 5, 1876.-6t.*

BUY YOUR MUSICAL GOODS AT

KNAKE & McGINN'S,

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in all kinds of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

KNAKE & McGINN PIANO, AND THE PHILHARMONIC ORGAN,

GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE

PATENT ARION PIANO.

Dealers in Distin & Co.'s (London), Besson (London), Saxe (Paris), Piston Valve, and our own make of Rotary Valve BAND INSTRUMENTS. The best and freshest Strings for all instruments constantly on hand.

Being PUBLISHERS of SHEET MUSIC, we make this branch a Specialty; and always keep a full stock of the latest and best pieces on hand. Our stock of music books of all kinds is complete.

PIANOS AND ORGANS SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

OLD INSTRUMENTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Clergymen, Principals of Seminaries, Leaders of Bands, Teachers, and all wishing to purchase Musical Goods, will find it to their interest to communicate directly with us.

Catalogues and Price Lists furnished free on application.

WAREROOMS, No. 12 Sixth Street, (Late St. Clair.)

[10-29.-y.] PITTSBURGH, PA.

GIANT TOBACCO WORKS!

MUSSELMAN & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO; also the celebrated

GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY.

To be had in Pittsburgh from R. & W. Jenkinson, John Fullerton & Son, J. W. Taylor, M... Un Heyl, T. J. Wallace, J. M. Sichel & Co., E. Poerstell & Co., Carter Brothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, C. Atwch & Co., S. F. Pitking, Herzog & Buchanan, Pretzfeld Bro... Henry Dallmayer, and all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses. [1-7.-6m.]

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 and 115 Clinton Street, Johnstown,

ALWAYS HAVE THE

Largest, Best and Cheapest

Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Millinery, Carpets, Oil Cloths &c., to be found in Cambria county.

[2 4.] Don't forget the number and street. [tf.]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, *Fi. Fa.* and *Pluries Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Mansion House in Johnstown, on **Saturday, June 3d, 1876**, at 1 o'clock, P.M., the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Christian Kunkle, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Second Ward of Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Washington street on the north, adjoining lot of George Peak on the west, lot of John Shiffhour on the east, and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of Christian Kunkle. Taken in execution an to be sold at the suit of Andrew Gick.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Casper Roth, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, Pa., having Chestnut street on the north, Fifth street on the east, lot of Henry Lecky on the west, and extending back to an alley on the north, having thereon erected a one story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of Casper Roth. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry Stremel.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John S. Buchanan, of, in and to a lot or square of ground situate in the Second Ward, in Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and bounded by lot of William Nicholson on the east, an alley on the north, and an alley on the west, having thereon erected a two story frame house and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of John S. Buchanan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John H. Clark, for use of W. Horace Rose.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Christian Wissmilier, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Frankstown street, adjoining lot of Cambria Iron Company on the south, and lot of Thomas Swatman and Frederick Procter on the west, containing two acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of Christian Wissmilier. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of William Dodson and Germania Building and Saving Association of Johnstown, No. 1.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John Pharr, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the north by River street and having Third street on the east, lot of Lena Maltzi on the west, and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and stable, now in the occupancy of John Pharr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Germania Building and Saving Association of Johnstown, No. 1.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Andrew Abler, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Second Ward of Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Portage street, having lot of Lewis Dopp on the one side and lot of Andrew Zimmerman on the other side, and extending back to an alley, having thereon erected a two story plank house and a stable, now in the occupancy of Andrew Abler. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James McKay.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James Little, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in the Third Ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the south by Broad street, and having Portage street on the east lot of Philip Hertzinger on the east, Lake alley on the west, and Pearl street on the north, having thereon erected a two story brick house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of John Tittle. ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James Tittle, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Third Ward, Johnstown Borough, Cambria county, Pa., having Portage street on the east, Pearl street on the north, and lot of Philip Hertzinger on the west and south, now in the occupancy of James Tittle. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Dibert, James McMillen and J. M. Campbell, Trustees of Cambria Lodge, No. 278.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Nimrod McElearr, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in the First Ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the west by Market street and having lot of Joseph Larden on the south, lot of Isaac Kauffman on the east, and Lincoln street on the north, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story house, now in the occupancy of Nimrod McElearr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of M. W. Keim & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Geo. W. Phillippi, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in the Fifth Ward of Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the north by Napoleon street, on the west by lot of Levergood & Johnston, on the south by an alley, and on the east by lot of Henry Dellenbach, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Rev. S. M. Bumgardner. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John F. Barnes.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds upon confirmation of the Deed.

HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, May 15, 1876.

ROBES et MANTEAUX.

MADAME LABONDE,

DE PARIS,

HAVING REMOVED TO

No. 29 Ninth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Respectfully solicits your orders for dressmaking. Perfection in cutting and fitting.

Paris Fashion Papers containing the latest styles and fashions received regularly.

March 10, 1876.-3m.

JAMES WILKINSON .... R. T. O'FRIEL.

WILKINSON & O'FRIEL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLE!

Loretto, Pa.

Work executed promptly and satisfactorily, and as cheap as the cheapest. (4-12.-tf.)

M. A. WESNER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Office recently occupied by M. J. Buck, M. D., in rear of John Buck's store. Night calls may be made at Mr. Buck's residence. [5 12,'76.]

Wood, Morrell & Co.,

WASHINGTON STREET,

Near PENN'A R. R. DEPOT,

Johnstown, Pa.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS

MILLINERY GOODS,

HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
IRON AND NAILS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Provisions and Feed

OF ALL KINDS, TOGETHER WITH

WESTERN and COUNTRY PRODUCE

such as Fresh Meats, Flour, Bacon, Fish, Salt; Butter, Eggs, Carbon Oil, &c., &c.

Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & Co.

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, Penn'a.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,

PAYABLE ON DEMAND.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS,

MONEY LOANED. COLLECTIONS MADE,

AND A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Special attention paid to business of correspondents. JAMES P. MURPHY,

Nov. 13, 1875.-tf. Cashier.

EBENSBURG BOOK, DRUG and VARIETY STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb Pure Spices, &c.

Cigars and Tobaccos.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

FIRST PRIZE AT VIENNA EXPOSITION, 1873.

W. H. ROSENSTEEL,

MANUFACTURER OF SUPERIOR

Union Crop LEATHER,

AND DEALER IN

BARK, HIDES, AND PLASTERERS' HAIR,

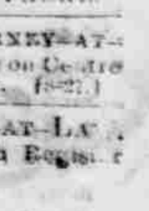
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4,000 cords of Oak and Hemlock Bark wanted. Cash paid on delivery at the Tannery.

Jan. 7, 1876.-1y.

PARKE'S MARBLE WORKS,

139 Franklin Street, Johnstown.



MONUMENTS, HEAD and TOMB-STONES, COUNTER and CABINET SLABS, MANTELS, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in price, design and character of work.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the very lowest cash rates. Try me.

April 24, 1874.-tf. JOHN PARKE.

GEO. M. READE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [8-27.]

J. G. LAKE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Register and Recorder, in Court House.

WOMEN THEN AND NOW.

A DEFENSE—THE TRUE WOMAN IN THE FREE AMERICAN HOMES.

Mr. George William Curtis delivered a lecture in Chickering hall, New York, for the benefit of the Young Women's Christian Association. The theme selected by the lecturer was "Women in Old and New Times," and in the course of his discourse he said:

The past is always the golden age. The glamour of distance makes beauty more beautiful, and valor more heroic; and prosaic fate seems to have thrown us on the lees of time and in the world's decrepitude. While we read, history and poetry seems full of the heroic. Philip Sidney, bending from his saddle to offer a cup of cold water to the wounded soldier, was a hero. But see that gunner at Gettysburg, who, falling wounded and tortured by thirst, called out: "Johnny! Johnny! for the love of God a drop of water!" "Ah, Jemmy, there is not a drop in my canteen, and if I go to get any the enemy will take the gun." "No matter, Johnny, stand to your gun;" and when the line moved forward it moved over Jemmy's dead body. Three hundred years ago it would have been as beautiful a self-sacrifice as Philip Sidney's. All that was best in the old time we have now. So experience interprets history and poetry, and the truth of to-day scatters the glamour of the past. All ages have been deplored. We see to-day appalling extravagance and luxury. They cry, "The dress of a fashionable woman costs her husband thousands of dollars! It was not so in the simple old times." Softly, softly. Queen Elizabeth, happy owner of 3,000 dresses, issued a proclamtion against extravagance. We bewail a degenerate society—so sordid, so gross. Our young men are only fit, it is said, to smoke cigars and play billiards and talk slang; our young women to be French dolls perched upon high-heeled shoes, pinching their waists almost to a vanishing point, piling high upon their heads dyed tow and horse hair, making an affection of simplicity, but were they simpler in the old times? Dick Steele, in his account of the mock trial of a young woman for wearing a monstrous silk petticoat embroidered with diamonds, says that when the judge ordered it drawn up with pulleys, it covered the place where the judges were sitting with a silken rotunda like St. Peter's.

We cry out against political corruption, and justly fear for the moral foundations of the government. I have seen a man in the lobby of the Legislature brandish bank bills, and openly boast, "That makes the laws!" While I winced, I remembered that in the time of Walpole the British king bought men as he would haunches of meat. When foolish imagination sighs for the old time, it forgets that the old time was cruel, superstitious and gross. The men of the old times hated personal, political and religious liberty; they were times when the men died faster in the open country than in the dirtiest lane of our city to-day. The whole progress of civilization is in the emancipation from the theories and manners of the old time. Who do not excuse our own age, but when we sigh for a return of the past let us remember that its greatest glory was divine discontent with those times. One commanding and supreme indication of the world's progress is its higher and better estimate of women. The position of woman is always the test of society. To-day as I stand in the ample halls of some great school, filled with the hum of industrious and happy life, I remember that in the girl of the age of Pericles all scholastic diligence would have been accepted as evidence of evil design. In the golden age of Athens the most accomplished woman belonged to an outlawed class. Mr. Curtis then humorously described the discussions that were carried on in Dean Swift's time as to whether it would be prudent to marry a woman who had good natural sense, some taste, and was able to read understandingly the literature of the day. It was said that there were radical objections against an intelligent wife; that the natural levity of women needed a ballast of ignorance and stupidity. And such was the tenderness of the sex that the women consented to remain in ignorance that they might be equal to their husbands. This was slow to change. Not more than sixty years ago Sidney Smith spoke of the disparity between the knowledge of men and women, and intimated that women should cultivate household duties to the exclusion of all other acquirements. "That is an insulting idea of woman," said the lecturer, "which makes her happy when her husband brings her home a bracelet and screaming when a mouse hops across the floor. She is not the fine lady of the fashion plates, Hebe, joyous with health and pouring nectar, fitly married to Hercules, strongest of the gods. Is the Portia Shakspeare has drawn beautiful because a wise young judge, less truly feminine than Juliet whispering her love from a balcony?" Mr. Curtis sketched the great caution with which the Pilgrims and early settlers of New England dealt out a little education to their girls, and in a strain of the keenest irony told how Boston, trembling for the bulwarks of freedom, opened a high school for girls, and stood aghast at the immense attendance upon it and the eager acceptance of its privileges. The notion that the education and usefulness of women should be confined to home, simply because men had an idea that that was her "sphere," was ridiculed and disposed of by argument and copious illustration. "Yesterday is gone and to-day has come. The fretted slave of Greek households, and the idle toy and doll of the age of Chesterfield, has given place to a better idea; and we go forward with God's help to find the true woman in the free American homes."

Mr. Moody says man is a failure. Probably Mr. Moody never saw a young man play base ball all day, and billiards half the night, and get up the next morning and jaw around an hour because his mother didn't put more stiffening into his shirt bosom. Man a failure, indeed!

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

LIST OF RETAILERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE, as appraised in Cambria county for the year A. D. 1876:

Class.		Lic'se.	Class.		Lic'se.
	ADAMS TOWNSHIP.				
14	Hiram Shaffer	$7.00	14	George Orris	$7.00
	ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.				
14	William J. Buck				7.00
	BARR TOWNSHIP.				
14	Casper Leib				7.00
	BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.				
14	Isaac Michaels				7.00
	CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH.				
14	And'w Hauck	7.00	14	A. Walters	7.00
14	A. A. Barker	7.00	14	Simon Schroth	7.00
14	John Buck	7.00			
	CAMBRIA BOROUGH.				
14	John Ryan	7.00	14	John Pfarr	7.50
14	John Kintz	7.50	14	Joseph Stibich	7.00
	COOPERSDALE BOROUGH.				
14	Adams & McKelvey				7.00
	CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.				
14	Nutter & Cunningham	7.00	14	Louisa Aaron	7.00
14	Mich'l Toohey	7.00	14	Jacob Widman	7.00
14	Wm. Donnelly	7.00	14	George Myer	7.00
			14	Aug. Lehmire	7.00
	CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.				
14	E. R. Dunegan				7.00
	CROYLE TOWNSHIP.				
14	Thos. H. Heist	7.00	14	G. B. Stineman	7.00
14	J. D. Wentroth	7.00	14	P.M.&J.Brown	7.00
	CHEST TOWNSHIP.				
14	C. A. Langbein	7.00	14	J. F. Carson	7.50
	CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.				
13	E & H Nutter	10.00	14	Cooper&Mellon	7.00
	EAST CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.				
14	P. F. Shaffer	7.00	14	Wm. Sanderson	7.00
14	Leonard Kist	7.00	14	R. P. Linton	7.00
14	R Tradenick	7.00			
	EBENSBURG BOROUGH.				
13	A. A. Barker & Son	10.00	13	E Roberts&Son	10.00
13	J. P. Thompson	10.00	14	Mrs. R. E. Jones	7.00
14	R. J. Lloyd	7.00	14	C. T. Roberts	7.00
14	G. G. Owens	7.00	14	D. E. Evans	7.00
14	Myers & Lloyd	7.00	14	M. L. Oatman	7.00
14	Lemmon&Murray	7.00	14	R. R. Davis	7.00
14	Geo. Huntley	7.00	14	Jacob Thomas	7.00
14	E. C. Parrish	7.00	14	Thos. Griffith	7.50
			14	A. Strittmatter	7.50
	FRANKLIN BOROUGH.				
14	A. & J. L. Custer	7.00	14	D. W. Coulter	7.00
14	Peter Rubritz	7.00	14	Martin Custer	7.00
14	James Findley	7.50			
	GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.				
14	Patrick Smith	7.00	14	J. P. Murray	7.00
	GALLITZIN BOROUGH.				
14	T. J. Christy	7.00	14	Thos. Bradley	7.00
14	J. J. Troxell	7.00			
	JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.				
1	Wood, Morrell & Co.	200.00	14	Kinney&Campbell	7.00
12	Geis, Foster & Co.	12.50	14	John Thomas	7.00
12	T. G. Stewart & Co	12.50	14	Wakefield & Harshberger	7.00
13	J. Dibert & Son	10.00	14	John Benton	7.00
14	McPherson&Co	7.00	14	Louis Baumer	7.00
14	Christ. Kreger	7.00	14	F. Border	7.00
14	W. Updegrave	7.00	14	T. W. Kerlin	7.50
14	Gotleb Bantley	7.50	14	M'Clelland & Co	7.00
14	E. L. Edwards	7.00	14	John Hannan	7.00
14	N. & C. A. Horne	7.00	14	Davis Myles	7.00
14	Jas. J. Murphy	7.00	14	John F. Barnes	7.50
14	George Kurtz	7.00	14	J. S. Ashbridge	7.00
14	Jacob Wild	7.00	14	Brinker & Co.	7.00
14	Emil Young	7.50	14	Rose Bloch	7.00
14	A. Burgraff	7.00	14	Geo. W. Hay	7.00
14	E. Zang	7.00	14	S. C. Bailey	7.50
14	C. S. Reuth	7.00	14	W. Owens & Son	7.00
14	H. J. Hite	7.00	14	H. Pritchard	7.00
14	A. & A. Reck	7.00	14	Eben. James	7.00
14	F. W. Hay & Son	7.00	14	Paul M'Creary	7.00
14	L. F. Leitenberger	7.00	14	Blough & Stutzman	7.00
14	George Heiser	7.00	14	Feckler & Levergood	7.00
14	C. T. Frazer	7.00	14	Chas. Hochstein	7.50
14	David Creed	7.00	14	W. L. Levingston	7.00
14	John Jordan	7.00	14	Crawford & Reipple	7.00
14	A. Montgomery	7.00	14	T. H. Brinton	7.00
14	Louis Cohen	7.50	14	Chas. Oswalt	7.00
14	D. Dibert & Son	7.00	14	Kimple & Vierling	7.00
14	A. Nathan & Bro	7.00	14	M. P. Colman	7.50
14	J. A. McKinney	7.50	14	C. O. Luther	7.00
14	M H Nathanson & Co.	7.00	14	J. Q. A. Benshoof	7.50
14	Sol. J. Hess	7.00	14	Fred. W. Kress	7.00
14	T & G Gallagher	7.00	14	H. L. Coulter	7.50
14	L. Luckhardt	7.00	14	Marg't Brown	7.00
14	Geo. Unverzagt	7.00	14	Osborne & Confer	7.50
14	Louther & Green	7.00	14	U. A. Griffith	7.00
14	Jno. Henderson	7.00	14	Jere. Hipple	7.00
14	John Brady	7.00	14	E. Elasser	7.00
14	Maggie Goeher	7.00	14	Eman'l James	7.50
14	J. & H. Swank	7.00	14	Beam & Conrad	7.00
14	Wm. Caldwell	7.00	14	Wm. Wilhelm	7.00
14	A. Metz	7.00	14	Wm. S. Jones	7.50
14	W H Levergood	7.00	14	Geo. S. Orth	7.00
14	A. Pfeifer	7.00	14	George Mayer	7.00
14	S. R. Varner	7.00			
14	John Muller	7.00			
14	Dopp & Bostart	7.00			
	JACKSON TOWNSHIP.				
14	David Simmons	7.00	14	Wm. Ford	7.00
14	Sam'l Albaugh	7.00	14	George Wehn	7.50
	LORETTO BOROUGH.				
14	W. Litzinger	7.00	14	J. E. Shields & Bro	7.00
14	F. O'Friel	7.00	14	W. W. McAteer	7.00
14	A. J. Christy	7.50	14	F. X. Haid	7.00
14	M. A. Lacy & Co	7.00			
14	John Bradley	7.50			
	MILLVILLE BOROUGH.				
14	P. Rodgers	7.00	14	G. W. Stutzman	7.00
14	H. W. Given	7.00			
	RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.				
14	Bernard Nees	7.00	14	Geo. Berkey	7.00
14	George Conrad	7.00			
	SUMMITVILLE BOROUGH.				
14	John Egar	7.00	14	C. H. Reich	7.50
14	Jas. M. Gillin	7.00	14	Wm. M'Connell	7.00
14	John Riffel	7.00			
	TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.				
14	S. P. Morrell & Co.				7.00
	WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.				
14	Wm. Pringle	7.00	14	Eliz. Thompson	7.00
14	Martin & Co.	7.00	14	C. & J. Lahey	7.00
14	Syl. McKenzie	7.00	14	M. B. M'Laughlin	7.00
14	P. M. & J. Brown	7.00			
	WILMORE BOROUGH.				
14	John Schroth	7.00	14	John M'Colgan	7.50
14	P. M. Wolslagle & Son	7.00	14	P. F. Kirby	7.00
			14	Mrs. H. Kephart	7.00
	WHITE TOWNSHIP.				
14	Geo. Walters	7.00	14	J. E. Palmer	7.00
14	J. C. Gates	7.00	14	J. S. M'Cartney	7.00
14	A. H. Fiske & Co	7.00			
	WOODVALE BOROUGH.				
14	John B. Clark	7.00	14	W. H. Rosensteel	7.50
	YODER TOWNSHIP.				
14	Jacob Ream	7.00	14	John Seigh	7.00

BREWERIES.

Oscar Graff, Johnstown Borough	15.50
Sieger & Wehn, " "	15.00
Max Heubach, " "	15.50
Henry Hansman, " "	15.00
Jacob Goerner, Cambria Borough	15.00
Lambert & Kress, Conemaugh Borough	15.50
Lawrence Kest, Conemaugh Township	15.00
G. J. Schwader, Washington Township	15.00
Henry Blum, Carrolltown Borough	15.00
Julius Stich, " "	15.00

BILLIARD TABLES.

J. D. M'Clelland (1), Washington Twp	62.00
John Jordan (2), Johnstown Borough	30.00

TEN-PIN ALLEYS.

John Jordan (1), Johnstown Borough	15.50
J. D. M'Clelland (4), Washington Twp	62.00
A. J. Christy (1), Loretto Borough	15.50

An Appeal will be held at the Treasurer's Office, in Ebensburg, on Monday, the 5th day of June next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN FERGUSON,
Mercantile Appraiser.

May 5, 1876.

1776. SPRING & SUMMER. 1876.

MRS. M. MOORE,

325 Penn Avenue, near 10th St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TO THE LADIES!

I am just in receipt of a large invoice of

Most Elegant GOODS,

which will be closed out at great bargains, in part as follows:

French Garments,

for spring and summer wear, consisting in part of Damask and Plain Silks, Sicilian Cashmeres, Sacks, Mantles, &c. The selections comprises costumes for street and evening wear. Prices greatly reduced. [5-12.—4m.]

Iron City Gun Works.

RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, PISTOLS, and Ammunition for Black Hills parties and others. FISHING TACKLE, SPORTING APPARATUS, &c.,—a full assortment at lowest prices at

H. H. SCHULTE'S
IRON CITY GUN WORKS,
No. 3?0 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Send for Illustrated Price List and Catalogue containing full information. Goods sent, Collect on Delivery. [5-12.-1m.]

NOW FOR GOOD MEAT AT BOTTOM PRICES!—The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a MEAT MARKET in the building recently occupied by Lewis Rodgers, on Centre street. Fresh meat of all kinds on Monday and Friday evenings of each week. My terms will be STRICTLY CASH, and prices much lower than elsewhere in Ebensburg. D. H. ZAHM.

March 2, 1876.-tf.

E. H. FLANK, M. D., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office adjoining residence and immediately in the rear of Hon. R. J. Lloyd's drug store. Night calls can be made at the residence of Mrs. Bunn, on Crawford street, Ebensburg. [4-24.-tf.]

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE FOR THE CAMPAIGN

(From May 10 to Nov. 16, 1876).

REDUCED RATES TO CLUBS, AND Great INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO OBTAIN THEM.

In order to meet the general demand for a good newspaper during the coming Centennial and Presidential campaign, subscriptions to The Weekly Tribune will be received from this date until the 15th of November, 1876, or until after the Presidential election, at the yearly rates which are given below.

Among the reasons which will render The Tribune particularly useful and desirable during the next six months are the following:

I.—It publishes all the news. The servant of no man, and the slave of no party, it can afford to and does tell the truth about all.

I.—It is impartial and independent. Believing in intelligent suffrage, it aims to instruct voters to the wisest discharge of their responsibility.

III.—Its moral tone is pure and elevated. The family circle is never profaned by anything which appears in the columns of The Tribune.

IV.—The choicest standard and current Literature of the day is presented in its columns, including Correspondence, Poems, Stories, and Reviews from the most talented and popular writers.

V.—It is the best and cheapest Farmer's paper published. "The Weekly Tribune has done more to make good farmers than any other influence which ever existed."

VI.—The Marked Reports of The Tribune are indispensable to every buyer and seller in the country. Quotations are given daily and weekly of almost every article bought and sold in the markets of the world, and with unvarying and almost infallible accuracy. Its Cattle, Butter and Cheese, and other Markets are the recognized standard.

VII.—More copies of The Tribune are paid for and read by the American people than of any other newspaper of equal price in the country—a fact which is the best demonstration of the value of the paper.

VIII.—The readers of The Tribune represent largely the enterprising and progressive minds of the country. Persons who are interested in the development of ideas, the advance of science, and the progress of opinion, will find their demands met by The Tribune.

IX.—Public approval and prosperity have rewarded the independent and self-respectful course of The Tribune. It has a larger and stronger corps of earnest workers among its friends than ever before, and constantly receives from old and new readers words of encouragement.

To those who desire to satisfy themselves personally of the merits of The Tribune, or who wish to show it to friends and neighbors to induce them to subscribe, specimen copies will be sent free.

Terms of the Tribune for the Campaign:

(UNTIL NOVEMBER 15, 1876.)

Daily (by mail)	$5.00
Semi-Weekly	1.50
Five copies	6.25
Ten copies (and one extra)	12.50
Weekly	1.00
Five copies	3.75
Ten copies	6.25
Twenty copies	11.00
Thirty copies	15.00

Each person procuring a club of ten or more subscribers, at the above rates, is entitled to one extra Weekly, and of fifty or more to a Semi-Weekly for the campaign.

To any person sending a remittance of fifty dollars for subscriptions at the above rates, The Daily Tribune will be sent free until Nov. 15, 1876.

☞ All remittances at sender's risk, unless by draft on New York, Postal Order, or in Registered Letter. Address simply

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

W. D. M'CLELLAND.........JOHN HANNAN.

M'CLELLAND & CO.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Fancy and Plain FURNITURE! AND CHAIRS.

We keep constantly on hand in great variety a full line of elegant

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
INSTYLES AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL CUSTOMERS

Having the most skillful workmen in the city, we are prepared to fill all orders for

OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

IN PIECES OR SUITS,

At PRICES Below

Either Eastern or Western Manufacturers.

Wareroom, No. 81 FRANKLIN Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.

☞ All Furniture sent for and delivered in the city free of charge. [3-13,'74.-tf.]

JOHNSTOWN SAVINGS BANK!

120 Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa.

CHARTERED SEPT. 12, 1870. DEPOSITS received of all sums not less than One Dollar. Present rate of interest, six per cent. Interest is due in the months of June and December, and if not withdrawn is added to the deposit, thus compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call or even to present the deposit book. Money loaned on Real Estate. Preference, with liberal rates and long time, given to borrowers offering first mortgages on farms worth four or more times the amount of loan desired. Good reference perfect titles, etc., required.

This corporation is exclusively a Savings Bank. No commercial deposits received, nor discounts granted. No loans on personal security.

Blank applications for borrowers, copies of the rules, by-laws, and special law relating to this Bank, sent to any address desired.

Trustees—James Cooper, David Dibert, C. B. Ellis, A. J. Hawes, F. W. Hay, John Lowman, H. Baumer, jr., Daniel McLaughlin, D. J. Morrell, James McMillen, James Morley, Lewis Plitt, H. A. Boggs, Conrad Suppes, George T. Swank, and W. W. Walters.

DANIEL J. MORRELL, President.
Frank Dibert, Treasurer.
Cyrus Elder, Solicitor. [12-3,'75.-1y.]

REMOVAL!

ENGLAND & BINDLEY, HARDWARE,

50 Seventh Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Three Doors below Grant Street, and One and a half Squares from Union Depot.

☞ We invite the attention of Buyers to Stock and Prices. [5-5.-3m.]

FREE GIFT of a piano for distributing our circulars. Address U. S. Piano Co., 810 Broadway, N. Y.

AGRICULTURAL.

Destroying Weeds.—A correspondent of the New England *Farmer* tells how he eradicates weeds, as follows: Some fifteen years ago I turned up an acre of rich land and sowed it at the proper season with rye. It came up perfectly well and promised a good crop. In the spring it looked very flourishing, but there soon appeared multitudes of weeds which continued to flourish till, at the time for harvest, they were much more conspicuous than the rye. After threshing, the straw, which I usually valued more than the grain, sold very ill, hardly at half the usual price in Boston. The rye itself was full of seeds, many of which refused to be separated by the winnowing. I determined to avoid this evil if I could; so I ploughed up an acre, next to that which had served me so ill, let it lie until next spring, and waited till a rich crop of weeds sprang up, which, when they were five or six inches high, I ploughed in, and waited till another crop of somewhat later weeds were in the same condition; these were ploughed in, and afterward a third crop of the latest weeds were served in the same manner. It was then sown with rye and produced the cleanest and most beautiful and luxuriant crop I had ever seen. I have no doubt that the three crops of weeds did the land more good than an ample covering of barn manure would have done. The same course essentially pursued since has been equally successful. My crop of rye this season was the best and largest I have ever had, and the straw was the best—perfectly clean.

Hogs Need Sulphur.—Whether hogs require sulphur as an essential to health, or whether it is sought by them as a condiment, may not be discovered. But one thing is true, they devour it with greed whenever it is to be found. It is for this purpose probably that they can eat large quantities of soft coal, which contains a large amount of sulphur. Perhaps this is the most economical method of supplying hogs with sulphur during winter, when they require a good deal of carbon. But in summer it is best to feed it to them in substances which contain less carbon, on account of their producing less heat. Mustard is one of the best things for this purpose, and some of it should be sown in every pasture into which hogs are turned. If hogs are kept in, or are in small yards, it is well to supply them with the wild mustard that grows in the fields or highways, or to cultivate some of the better varieties for them. They will eat its leaves, its flowers, seeds, and stalks.—*Home Journal.*

Windgalls.—Windgalls an the legs of a horse are the result of severe work, making them draw heavy loads, or driving them long distances without rest, producing irritation of the sinews of the legs, causing an increase in the secretion of synovia, or, as it is more familiarly called, "joint oil," and an excess of this is shown in the small protuberant sacs, or windgalls. To cure these, take the animal from hard work and apply pressure to the affected parts. A good way to do this is to fold pieces of soft, wet rags, adding one drachm each of opium and camphor. Put these upon the galls, and bind on with a wide bandage. By constant pressure applied in this manner the galls may be driven away. The bandages may be taken off when the animal is taken out of the stable, but should be put on again as soon as he is returned. Let this treatment be kept up until a cure is effected.

Epizootic.—A horse with the epizootic should be carefully blanketed, kept out of all drafts of winds, be fed lightly with good hay and carrots, or other vegetables, given no cold water, but all he will drink of water with the chill taken off, or tepid water. A fire-shovel full of hot ashes from the stove is good to throw into the water once a day; in effect it loosens the phlegm and false membrane, which accumulates in the throat, lungs, and stomach. A handfull of scalded bran is also good to add to each bucketful of water the horse drinks. No other medicine is advised, if the bowels can be kept regular with bran mashes and vegetable or green feed. Rest to a horse in this condition is requisite to a speedy cure. A little gentle exercise is all that should be allowed, and by no means should fast driving or hard pulling be allowed, even for a short time.

Fruit Garden.—Fruits and vegetables are often planted together, the small fruits, such as blackberries, raspberries, etc., are put along the fence-rows, and it is no wonder that in such spots the fruit is poor in quality and quantity. Where it is possible the two gardens should be separate, as this allows better culture for both fruits and vegetables. There is nearly always some wall or building against the sheltered side of which may be planted one or more grape vines. The border should be dug out, and properly filled with good, fresh soil, and if any fertilizer is used, let it be broken bones. In two or three years a fine crop of fruit may be gathered. There is no excuse for a lack of fruit on any farm in the country; there are numerous places around every farm-house, where small fruits may be easily grown, if a little pains is taken. Villagers with small lots manage to have an abundance of fruit, but large farms are too often lacking in this.

Eggs.—It is said that collodion is a good varnish, by means of which the cause of the decay in eggs, viz.: the porosity of the shell, and hence access of air to the interior, may be prevented. Mr. S. Martin, mentions that the soundness of eggs may be tested, by immersing them in water containing 30 per cent. of common salt in solution; in this brine good and sound eggs sink, while bad eggs float.

To make hens lay in winter, give them a warm place to roost and plenty of meat, vegetables and other rich and good food. But if the hens are old and have been laying all summer it is doubtful if they will continue to do so during the coldest weather.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES, —OR— DISEASE WITH ITS AGONIES: Choose Between Them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better, none; take no coffee,—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can, take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches, Want of Appetite.

These feelings, which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow, as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

How to be Strong.

Never let the bowels be either confined or duly acted upon. It may appear singular that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for a run upon the bowels, many persons supposing that they would increase relaxation. This is a great mistake, however; for these Pills will immediately correct the liver and stop every kind of bowel complaint. In warm climates thousands of lives have been saved by the use of this medicine, which in all cases gives tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged,—health and strength following as a matter of course. The appetite, too, is increased by the use of these Pills, combined in the use of solid in preference to fluid diet. Animal food is better than broths and stews. By removing acrid, fermented, or other impure humors from the liver, stomach, or blood, the cause of dysentery, diarrhœa, and other bowel complaints is expelled. The result is, that the disturbance is arrested, and the action of the bowels becomes regular. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so quickly as this fine correcting medicine.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water, or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches or pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bedtime. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.

No medicine will so effecually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills: they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Rheumatism,
Asthma,	Fevers of all kinds,	Scrofula, or King's Evil,
Billious Complaints,	Fits,	Sore Throats,
Blotches on the Skin,	Gout,	Stone & Gravel,
Bowel Complaints,	Headache,	Secondary Symptoms,
Colics,	Indigestion,	Tic-Douloureux,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation,	Tumors,
Consumption,	Jaundice,	Ulcers,
Debility,	Liver Complaints,	Venereal Affections,
Dropsy,	Lumbago,	Worms of all kinds,
Dysentery,	Piles,	Weakness from any cause, &c.
Erysipelas,	Retention of Urine,	

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the signature of J. Haydock, agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

, Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, in boxes, at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

April 21, 1876.-1y.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
LANE BROTHERS
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
POCKET KNIVES
Knives, Forks & Spoons, SCISSORS, AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS, HINGES, NAILS, FILES, &c. CARPENTERS', BLACKSMITHS' & AGRICULTURAL TOOLS
173 LIBERTY ST. PITTSBURGH
GIVEN TO COUNTRY TRADE

Boyd & Gamble, ARCHITECTS And Superintendents!

Germania Bank Building,

Corner Wood and Diamond Sts.,

[2-3.] PITTSBURGH, PA. [1y.]

SANDALWOOD

Possesses a much greater power in restoring to a healthy state the mucus membrane of the urethra than either cubebs or copaiba. It never produces sickness and is certain and speedy in its action. It is fast superseding every other remedy. Sixty capsules cure in six or eight days. No other Medicine can do this.

Dundas Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules, containing Oil of Sandalwood, sold at all Drug Stores. Ask for circular, or send to 35 and 37 Wooster Street, New York, for one. (4-28.-6m.fx.)

Miller House

LATE "CAIN HOUSE."

Corner Main and Pittsburgh Sts.,

GREENSBURG, PA.

Very centre of town. Fronts the south entrance to the Court House.

[2-4.'76.-tf.] JOHN PORTER, Lessee.



Fairbanks' Standard

SCALES

Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine. Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, improved Money Drawers, Grocers' Fixtures, &c. Scales Repaired promptly. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., [3-31.-3m.] 48 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

T. D. EVANS, ARCHITECT!

Has returned from Europe.

OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE.

[3-10.-3m.] PITTSBURGH, PA.

Seeds! TREES! Plants!

RELIABLE Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Finest Mixed Lawn Grass, Seed Potatoes, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Small Fruits and Evergreens, Roses and Bedding Plants, wholesale and retail at reduced prices. Catalogues on application. JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH, [3-17.-2m.] 112 Smithfield St., Pittsburg.

T. W. DICK, Attorney-at-Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T. J. Lloyd's new building, Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, *Attorney-at-Law*, Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange Building, (up-stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

WM. H. SECHLER, *Attorney at Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Colonade Row, (recently occupied by Wm. Kittell, Esq.,) Centre street. [1-21.'76.-tf.]

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

F. W. HAY & SON

Manufacturers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—OF—

TIN, COPPER,

—AND—

Sheet Iron Wares

AND DEALERS IN

HEATING PARLOR and COOKING

STOVES, Sheet Metals,

—AND—

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.

Jobbing in

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.

Cooking Stoves, Heating Stoves.

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE

Having recently taken possession of the newly fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves

of the most approved designs.

☞ SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.

All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.

VALLIE LUTRINGER.

Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1875.-tf.

EBENSBURG

HARDWARE

—AND—

HOUSE-FURNISH'G STORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, IRON,

NAILS, GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, &c.

[6-18.] GEO. HUNTLEY, Prop'r.

FARMERS AND OTHERS, if you intend to build a house or barn, or otherwise improve your property, go to HUNTLEY for NAILS, GLASS, PAINTS, HARDWARE, &c. Money saved by buying for cash.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and examine the neatest little CHOPPING MILL ever introduced. It chops from 10 to 12 bushels of rye, corn or oats per hour. BUY ONE—IT COSTS ONLY $35.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BEST CORN FODDER AND STRAW CUTTER ever sold in this county. Their cost more than saved in one year by cutting your feed with it.

THE BEST SILVER-PLATED WARE in the market at 25 per cent. less than city retail prices. Sold for cash at [6-18-'75.-tf.] HUNTLEY'S.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your HARVEST TOOLS, which he sells CHEAPER FOR CASH than they can be bought elsewhere in Ebensburg.

HUNTLEY will sell you WALL PAPER as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other dealer in Ebensburg, and trim it into the bargain without extra charge.

BLACKSMITHS, HUNTLEY will sell you Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Carriage Bolts, Bar Iron, Nail Rod, Cast Steel, &c., VERY LOW FOR CASH.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BLANCHARD CHURN, the best in the world. Sold for CASH at manufacturer's prices.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and get the best MOWING AND REAPING MACHINE made. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and save 25 per cent. by paying cash for Table Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c.

CARPENTERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your TOOLS and BUILDING HARDWARE. Pay cash and save 20 per cent.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your Stoves and Tinware. PAY CASH AND SAVE MONEY.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and get the best HORSE HAY RAKE ever introduced. CHEAP FOR CASH.

GO TO HUNTLEY FOR CLOTHES WRINGERS. He sells them at greatly reduced prices for the ready cash.

A LARGE LOT OF POCKET AND PENKNIVES very cheap for cash at HUNTLEY'S.

COAL AND LIME for sale in large or small quantities by

March 24, 1876.-tf. EVAN MICHAELS.

A Snuff-Box with a Hist— An interesting relic and one w— should be sent to Philadelphia to— exhibited with the other memento— Washington, has been discovere— in the possession of Mr. V. L. W— liams, of Belleville, Mo. The — in question is a snuff-box, which, — cording to the written history — panying it, is made from the w— the tree that sheltered Sir W— Wallace after the battle of F— The box was presented to Ge— Washington by the earl of B— who had received it from the G— smiths' Company, of Edinburgh, S— land, which company at the reque— the earl, consented to its transfe— Washington. Although Washi— in his last will made a special be— of the box, in which he recomme— to the earl of Buchan, or his hei— seems that the bequest was not — fully carried out, as the box went — the possession of Commodore De— and was by him presented to — mother of its present owner.

This curious and interesting — jealously guarded by Mr. Wi— who, so far, has refused to perm— transfer to Philadelphia for exh— at the Centennial, and in 1846 h— fused $600, made by a represent— from Scotland, who wished to pur— it for the Scottish museum. A — scription of the box may not be — It is made of oak, is about 5½ — in length, 2½ inches in width, — average thickness of one inch — shape it is rather oval. The box — very ingeniously constructed, and — four compartments, one of which — tains a metal tube intended, in all p— ability, for holding ink. It is — structed with two silver bands — the ends, whilst the lid of the — compartment is ornamented with — plate, on which is engraved the S— tish coat-of-arms. The box, — ering its great age—over 500 ye— is in a good state of preservation — with very little trouble, could be — as good as new.

The Great Bells of the Wo— —The great bell of Moscow, call— Tsar Kolokol, or King of Bells — largest in the world. It is 19 fe— inches high, and measures aroun— margin 60 feet 9 inches. It is — mated to weigh 443,772 pounds — the metal in it is valued at more — $300,000. The bells of China — next in size to those of Russia — much inferior to them in form and — In Peking, it is stated by Father — Compte, there are seven bells, — weighing 120,000 pounds. One — suburbs of the city is, according to — testimony of many travelers the — est suspended bell in the world. — hung near the ground, in a lar— vilion, and, to ring it, a huge — swung against its side. A bell — from the Dragon pagoda at Ra— was valued at $80,000. Among — bells recently cast for the new H— of Parliament, the largest weig— tons. The next largest bell in E— was cast in 1845, for York M— weighs 27,000 pounds, and is — inches in diameter. The Great T— of Oxford weighs 17,000 pound— the Great Tom of Lincoln — pounds. The bell of St. Paul's, London, is 9 feet in diamet— weighs 11,500 pounds. One — the Cathedral of Paris, in 1680, w— 38,000 pounds. One in Vienna — in 1711, weighs 40,000, and in — is another weighing about the — The famous bell called Susann— Erfurt is considered to be of the — bell metal, containing the larges— portion of silver; its weight is — 30,000 pounds; it was cast in — At Montreal, Canada, is a larger — than any in England, weighing — pounds; it was imported, in 18— the Notre Dame Cathedral. — opposite tower of the Cathedral — chime of ten bells, the heavies— which weighs 6,043 pounds, and — aggregate weight is 21,800 pou— *Eclectic.*

The Ruling Passion.—A — months since a lady who is ver— known in the French fashionable — happened to see in the streets of — don a monkey begging pence fro— public in the prettiest manner fo— benefit of his master, an organ-gr— The marquise took a fancy — bought it, dressed it in the gaud— raiment, and made it a pet. — lady, the other day, had in Pa— fashionable reception, and, of — her pet was the wonder of the — In the course of the evening a y— lady sat down at the piano, and — companying herself, sang with ex— site taste a little drawing-room — As soon as the lady had finished — monkey, who, though now per— civilized had not forgotten his fo— duties, seeing something near him — reminded him of his old occup— seized it and transferred it into a — porary hat and commenced a colle— The vocalist laughed, the mar— looked vexed; but to the amuse— of everybody, the animal went — rounds and collected a large sum. — task ended, he jumped upon the — of the singer, amid shouts of laug— and deposited the contents in — lady's lap. The collection was — course, devoted to a charitable —

To Tell the Age of a Shee— often hear persons disputing about — age of a sheep, to my surprise — said. For, than to tell the age — sheep nothing is easier. A sh— front teeth the first year are eig— number, appearing all of a size. — ond year the two middle ones are — out and are replaced by two — larger than the others. Third — two very small ones appear— either side of the eight. At the — of the fourth there are six large — Fifth year all the front teeth sm— Sixth year all begin to show wear — not till then.—*Cor. Country Gen—*